



# TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

*A Centre of Excellence*

*Faculty of Applied & Health Sciences*

## DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND PHYSICS

### MAY 2016 SERIES EXAMINATION

**UNIT CODE: AMA 4421 UNIT TITLE: NUMERICAL ANALYSIS**

## II

### MAIN EXAMINATION

**TIME ALLOWED: 2HOURS**

**INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES:**

You should have the following for this examination

- Mathematical tables
- Scientific Calculator

This paper consists of **FIVE** questions

Answer question **ONE (COMPULSORY)** and any other **TWO** questions

Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown

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### **QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS) COMPULSORY**

- a. Consider the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ -4 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ , determine
- i. The characteristic equation of A (2 marks)
  - ii. The Eigen values of A (2 marks)
  - iii. The corresponding Eigen vectors (2 marks)

iv. Prove that the vectors in (iii) are linearly independent (2 marks)

b. Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$ , using Romberg's method correct to 4d.p. Hence find an approximate value of  $\pi$  (7 marks)

c. Solve the following system of equations using Gaussian elimination method  
 $2x + 3y - z = 5$   
 $4x + 4y - 3z = 3$   
 $-2x + 3y - z = 1$  (6 marks)

d. Solve the hyperbolic equation  
 $U_{tt} = 4U_{xx}$  with boundary conditions  $u(0, t) = 0 = U(4, t)$   
 $U_t(x, 0) = 0$  and  $U(x, 0) = x(4 - x)$  (9 marks)

### QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

a. A rod is rotating in a plane about one of its ends. If the following table gives the angle  $\theta$  radians through which the rod has turned for different values of time  $t$  seconds, find its angular velocity and angular acceleration when  $t=0.7$  seconds

t seconds	0	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.8	1
$\theta$ radians	0	0.12	0.48	1.1	2	3.2

(6 marks)

b. Use Gauss Seidel iterative method to find  $x, y$  and  $z$  in the system below (6 marks)

$$\begin{aligned}8x - 3y + 2z &= 20 \\6x + 3y + 12z &= 35 \\4x + 11y - z &= 33\end{aligned}$$

c. Solve the parabolic equation

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$$

with conditions  $u(0, t) = 0 = U(4, t)U(x, 0) = x(4 - x)$

taking  $h=1$  and employing the Bender-Schmidt recurrence equation (use ten steps) (8 marks)

### QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a. Solve by Jacobi iteration method the system (use four iterations) (7 marks)

$$8x - 3y + 2z = 20$$

$$6x + 3y + 12z = 35$$

$$4x + 11y - z = 33$$

- b. A slider in a machine moves along the straight rod. Its distance  $x$  cm along the rod is given by table below for various values of the time  $t$  seconds. Find the velocity and acceleration of the slider when  $t=0.3$  seconds (6 marks)

T	0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6
x	30.13	31.62	32.87	33.64	33.95	33.81	33.24

- c. Maximize  $p = 4x + 3y$   
subject to  $-x + 2y \leq 4$   
 $x + 2y \leq 14$   
 $2x + y \leq 16$   
 $x, y \geq 0$  using Simplex method (7 marks)

### QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a. Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$  using Weddle's rule taking  $h = \frac{1}{6}$  hence compute an appropriate value of  $\pi$  (6 marks)

- b. Solve the elliptic equation using the Liebmann's iteration process

$$U_{xx} + U_{yy} = 0 \text{ in } 0 \leq x \leq 4, 0 \leq y \leq 4 \text{ given that } U(0, y) = 0 \text{ } U(4, y) = 8 + 2y$$

$$U(x, 0) = \frac{x^2}{2} \text{ and } u(x, 4) = x^2. \text{ Take } h = k = 1 \text{ and obtain the result correct to one decimal} \text{ (8 marks)}$$

- c. Solve by relaxation method, the equation (6 marks)

$$10x - 2y - 2z = 6$$

$$-x + 10y - 2z = 35$$

$$-x - y + 10z = 33$$

### QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

a. Solve the following equations by Gauss-Jordan method

$$\begin{aligned}x + 2y + z - w &= -2 \\2x + 3y - z + 3w &= 7 \\x + y + 3z - 2w &= -6 \\x + y + z + w &= 2\end{aligned}$$

(10 marks)

b. Solve by crouts' method

$$\begin{aligned}5x - 2y + z &= 4 \\7x + y - 5z &= 8 \\3x + 7y + 4z &= 10\end{aligned}$$

(10 marks)

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