

## TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

FACULTY OF HEALTH AND APPLIED SCIENCES

**DEPARTMENT OF MATHS & PHYSICS** 

## UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:

CERTIFICATE IN ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING

AMA1151 ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS 2

# END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SERIES: APRIL / MAY 2016 SERIES

TIME:2HRS

DATE: APRIL / MAY 2016

#### **Instructions to Candidates**

You should have the following for this examination

-Answer Booklet, examination pass and student IDMathematical table, calculator, no mobile phone This paper consists of **FIVE** questions. Attempt question ONE (Compulsory) and any other TWO questions. **Do not write on the question paper.** 

#### **QUESTION ONE**

- a) Prove the following identities:-
  - (i) Given that Sin(A+B) Sin AcosB + CosA SinB prove that Sin3A = 3SinA-4Sin 3A

(6Mks)

- (ii) In triangle ABC, A=4.73 and  $< c=42^{0}12$ ' calculate the size of angle A(6Mks)
- b) Express in polar co-ordinates (-2, -3)

(5Mks)

c) Express  $\frac{1}{(x+2)(x-1)^2}$  in partial fractions (6Mks)

d) Simplify  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{(x^2 - a^2)}}$  when x=a cosec  $\theta$  (7Mks)

### **QUESTION TWO**

- A triangle ABC has AB=19cm, AC=16cm and <ABC =  $50^{\circ}$ . Find the remaining sides and angles. (8Mks)
- b) Find the values of  $\theta$  between  $0^0$  and  $360^0$  that satisfy the equation  $5 = 4\cos^2\theta + 4\sin\theta = 0$ (5Mks)
- c) (i) Prove that  $tan\theta + cos\theta = sec\theta cosec\theta$ (3Mks)
  - (ii) In the right angled triangle ABC where C=12, b =5 and a=13 find sec B and cosec C (5Mks)

# **QUESTION THREE**

Differentiate from first principle  $f(x) = 3x^2 + 6x - 3$ 

$$f(x) = 3x^2 + 6x - 3$$

(4Mks)

b) Find the gradient of the curve

$$X = \frac{t}{1+t} \qquad y = \frac{t^2}{1+t} \qquad \text{at the point } (\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$$
 (5Mks)

c) Differentiate the following expressions

(i) 
$$Y = (x^2 - 3)(x + 1)$$
 and simplify the result (4Mks)

$$(ii) Y = 2x 2 (3Mks)$$

$$(3Mks) (3x+2)^4$$

### **QUESTIONS FOUR**

a) If 
$$\frac{(2-j)(3+j^2)}{3-j4} = r(\cos\theta + j\sin\theta)$$
 (4 mks)  
Find r

b) (i) Rationalize

$$\frac{2-j3}{1+j2} \tag{3mks}$$

(ii) If 
$$(2 + j3)(3 - j4) = x + jy$$
 find x and y (3Mks)

- c) Given  $\cos 3\theta + i\sin 3\theta = (\cos \theta + i\sin \theta)^3$  by demoivers theorem; expand the expression and hence find tan 3e (4Mks)
  - (ii) Find the fourth roots of 3 i4(6Mks)

#### **QUESTION FIVE**

- (i) Use the second derivative test to investigate the stationing values of the function xe<sup>-x</sup> (5Mks)
  - (ii) In alternating voltage is given by  $\mu = 20$ Sin 50t volts, where t is the time in seconds. Calculate the rate of change of voltage when t

= 0.01s(3Mks) b) (i) Investigate the stationery values of the function  $f(x) = x^3-3x^2+3x$  and sketch the graphs of y = f(x)

$$f(x) = x^3-3x2 + 3x$$
 and sketch the graphs of  $y = f(x)$  (5Mks)

(ii) Express in partial functions. (7Mks)