

TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

FACULTY OF APPLIED AND HEALTH SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS & PHYSICS

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:

BMCS/BSSC

AMA 4215: STATISTICS III

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SERIES: APRIL2016

TIME:2HOURS

DATE:20May2016

Instructions to Candidates

You should have the following for this examination -Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID This paper consists of Choose No questions. AttemptChoose instruction. **Do not write on the question paper.**

Question ONE (30 MarkS)

Question 1 (30 marks)

(a) Fatal accidents occur at random at a known 'black spot', following a Poisson process with mean 4 per year.
 (i) Draw a diagram of the probability mass function of X, the actual annual number of fatal accidents.

(4 marks)

- (ii) Determine the probability that in a given year there is at most one fatal accident. (2 marks)
- (b) The random variable X follows the exponential distribution with rate parameter λ , so that the probability density function (pdf) of X is given by

$$f(x) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x}, \ x > 0, \ \lambda > 0.$$

Given that the moment generating function of X, $M_X(t)$ say, is given by

$$M_{X}(t) = \left(1 - \frac{t}{\lambda}\right)^{-1}, \ t < \lambda,$$

show that the mean and variance of X are given by $\frac{1}{\lambda}$ and $\frac{1}{\lambda^2}$ respectively

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Page **1** of **3**

(6 marks)

(c) The bivariate probability distribution of the random variables X and Y is summarised in the following table.

		Y			
		0	1	2	3
X	0	k	6k	9k	4k
	1	8 <i>k</i>	18k	12k	2k
	2	k	6k	9k	4k

(i) Find k.

- (ii) Obtain the marginal distributions of X and Y.
- (d) The distribution $f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(2\pi)}} e^{-0.5(x^2+y^2)}$ is a bivariate normal distribution. For this distribution, state $\sigma_X, \sigma_Y, \mu_X, \mu_Y, \rho$ (4 marks)
- (e) The joint density function of 2 random variables X and Y is given as

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{5}(2x+3y), & 0 < x < 1, & 0 < y < 1\\ 0, & elsewhere \end{cases}$$

(i) Verify that $f_{X,Y}(x, y)$ is a pdf (4 amrks) (ii) Find $P[(X,Y)] \in A$, where $A = \left\{ (x,y) \middle| 0 < x < \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} < y < \frac{1}{2} \right\}$ (3 marks)

Question TWO (20 MarkS)

- (a) Suppose X and Y are independent random variables having Poisson distributions with respective means λ (>0) and μ (>0).
 - (i) Show that X + Y also follows a Poisson distribution. (5 marks)

(ii) Find
$$P(X = k | X + Y = n)$$
 (when k and n are integers with $0 \le k \le n$. For given

fixed n > 0, name the distribution you have obtained. (7 marks)

(b) Telephone calls arriving at a computer helpline are classed as urgent or standard; urgent calls average 8 per hour, standard calls average 24 per hour. Ten calls arrive within 30 minutes; find (to two significant figures) the probability that at most two of them are urgent, stating any assumptions you make.
 (8 marks)

Question THREE (20 MarkS)

The continuous random variables *X* and *Y* have joint probability density function f(x, y) = kxy if 0 < x < y < 1, with f(x,y) = 0, elsewhere, where *k* is a constant.

- (a) Evaluate k, and find the marginal probability densities of X and Y. Say, with a reason, whether or not X and Y are independent.
 (10marks)
- (b) Show that, for all non-negative integers *r* and *s*, $E(X^rY^s) = \frac{8}{(r+2)(r+s+4)}$ Hence find the correlation between *X* and *Y*. (10marks)

Question FOUR(20 Marks)

(a) Suppose *X* and *Y* are independent random variables, each following the chis-quared distribution with four degrees of freedom; this distribution has probability density function (pdf) $we^{-w/2}/4$ on w > 0.

(3 marks)

(4 marks)

Define new random variables U = X / Y and V = Y. Obtain the joint pdf of U and V, and hence show that U has pdf $h(u) = (6u)/(1+u)^4$ for u > .0 (10marks)

[You may use without proof the result $\int_0^\infty t^k e^{-t} dt = k!$ when k is a positive integer.]

Name the distribution followed by *U* in (*a*). Using the density function, show that E(U) = 2, and hence verify that E(X / Y) > E(X) / E(Y). Explain briefly why this is no surprise. (10marks)

Question FIVE(20 Marks)

- (a) The random variables X1, X2 have the bivariate Normal distribution with expectation $u = (\mu_1 \ \mu_2)^T$ covariance matrix $\sum = \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_1^2 & \rho \sigma_1 \sigma_2 \\ \rho \sigma_1 \sigma_2 & \sigma_2^2 \end{pmatrix}$
 - (i) Write out explicitly the joint probability density function of *X*1 and *X*2. (3 marks)
 - (ii) State (without proof) the marginal distribution of *X*2 and write out its marginal probability density function. (1mark)
 - (iii) Hence obtain the conditional probability density function of X1 given that X2 = x2. Identify this as a Normal distribution with parameters that you should state explicitly. (6 marks)

(b) The random variables X1, X2, X3 have the multivariate Normal distribution with expectation

$$u = (\mu_1 \ \mu_2 \ \mu_3 \)^T \text{ and covariance matrix}, \\ \sum = \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_1^2 & \sigma_{12} & \sigma_{13} \\ \sigma_{12} & \sigma_2^2 & \sigma_{23} \\ \sigma_{13} & \sigma_{23} & \sigma_3^2 \end{pmatrix}. \text{ Let } \\ \sum z_{33} = \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_2^2 & \sigma_{23} \\ \sigma_{23} & \sigma_3^2 \end{pmatrix}, \text{ a sub-matrix of } \\ \sum z_{33} = \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_2^2 & \sigma_{23} \\ \sigma_{23} & \sigma_3^2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

. In general, the conditional distribution of X1 given that X2 = x2, X3 = x3 is a Normal distribution with $E(X_1 | x_2, x_3) = \mu_1 + (\sigma_{12} - \sigma_{13}) \sum_{23}^{-1} {x_2 - \mu_2 \choose x_3 - \mu_3}$,

$$\operatorname{Var}(X_1 | x_2, x_3) = \sigma_1^2 - (\sigma_{12} \quad \sigma_{13}) \Sigma_{23}^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_{12} \\ \sigma_{13} \end{pmatrix}$$

Obtain the parameters of the conditional distribution of X1 given that X2 = x2, X3 = x3 in the special case where X2 and X3 are independent random variables. Find an expression for the multiple correlation of X1 on both X2 and X3 in this case. (10 marks)