

Technical University of Mombasa

Faculty of Applied and Health Sciences

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND HEALTH SCIENCE

DIPLOMA IN ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES (DES 12S)

ACH 2102: FUNDAMENTAL CHEMISTRY

SPECIAL/SUPPLEMENTARY: EXAMINATIONS

SERIES: February 2013

TIME: 2 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS:

You should have the following for this paper

- Answer booklet

This paper consists of *FIVE* questions.

Answer Question **ONE** (compulsory) and any other **TWO** questions

This paper consists of 2 PRINTED pages

Ouestion ONE

a) Explain why the solubility of carbonytic decrease with increase of number of carbon atom

(5marks)

- b) State any FIVE types of chemical solutions
- c) Differentiate between reducing agent and oxidizing agent

(5marks) (4marks)

- d) Explain why aldehyde and ketones have higher boiling point than non-polar compound of similar molecular weight. (4marks)
- e) Why do ionic compounds easily dissolves in water

(4marks)

f) Using relevant examples explain why second ionization energy is greater than first imitation energy (4marks)

Ouestion TWO

a) Explain two types of polymerizing two examples in each case

(4marks)

b) Write the steps for the IUPAC system of nomenduture of alkane

(4marks)

- c) Explain why 2-methylbutane have higher boiling point than 2, 2-dimethy C pupane (4marks)
- d) Differentiate between saturated and unsaturated and unsaturated hydrocarbon

(3marks)

Ouestion THREE

a) Discuss FOUR methods of preparation of alkenes showing the reacting product and the catalyst.

(12marks)

b) Explain the treat of ionization energy down & across the period

(3marks)

Ouestion FOUR

a) Nitrogen gas combine with hydrogen to form Ammonia as shown below

 $NO_2(s) + 3H_2(s)$

 $2NH_3(s)$

-102KJmol⁻¹ ΔH

Describe giving reason the effect on the position of equilibrium if

- Temperature is increased from 25°C to 98°C (i) (3marks)
- Pressure is decreased (ii)

(3marks)

Hydrogen is reduced (iii)

(3marks) (2marks)

- Catalyst is used b) Use the equation below to identify
 - Oxidized and reduced species (i)

(2marks)

Reducing and oxidizing agent (ii)

(2marks)

Ouestion FIVE

(iv)

a) Explain the periodic trend of

(i)	Ionization energy	(3marks)
(ii)	Electronegativity	(3marks)
(iii)	Melting point	(3marks)

Melting point (iii) Reactivity (iv)

(3marks)

Down the group and across the groups

b) Explain why group I elements are none reactive than group two elements

(3marks)