

TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

FACULTY OF APPLIED AND HEALTH SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF PURE & APPLIED SCIENCES

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:

DIPLOMA IN ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY

DAC 14S

ACH 2209: CHEMISTRY OF AROMATIC COMPOUNDS

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SERIES: APRIL2016

TIME:2HOURS

DATE: Pick DateSelect MonthPick Year

Instructions to Candidates

You should have the following for this examination -Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID This paper consists of **FIVE** questions. Attemptquestion ONE (Compulsory) and any other TWO questions. **Do not write on the question paper.**

Question ONE

| (a) (i) Draw the five possible structures of benzene C_6H_6 . | (5marks) |
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| (ii) Benzene has m.p.t. of 6° c while methylbenzene has m.p.t of -95° c. Explain. | (2marks) |
| (b) State and explain the two problems that are associated with kekule structure of | |
| benzene. | (6marks) |
| (c) Write electrophilic substitution reaction mechanism of naphthalene. | (8marks). |
| (d) (i) Phenol is a derivative of benzene but it cannot be made by direct reaction of -OH | on |
| benzene. Explain. | (2marks). |
| (ii) How can phenol be made from benzene. | (7marks). |

Question TWO

| (a) Write the four hybrid contributing resonance structures of anthracene. (b) (i) State Huckel 4n+2 rule of aromatic compounds. (ii) Name and draw structures of <i>two</i> Phenol derivatives that are used as antiseptics nowadays. (c) Explain the reason why Phenol (i) is no longer used as an antiseptic. (ii) is a stronger acid than aliphatic alcohols. | (4marks) (3marks) (4marks) (1 marks) (3marks) |
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| Question THREE | |
| (a) Explain why phenol is more soluble in NaOH than in water. (b) How can one distinguish between Benzene and Phenol in the lab using a simple chemical test. (c) write <i>four</i> resonance structures of naphthalene. | (6marks) (5marks) (4marks) |
| Question FOUR | |
| (a) Naphthalene is more reactive than benzene towards electrophilic attack. Explain(b) Write equation for reaction of naphthalene with the following reagents and name the Products. | (4marks) e |
| (i) ozone and then water. (ii) Hydrogen in Na/ethanol at 351k. (c) State 4 uses of naphthalene. | (5marks) (2marks) (4marks) |

Question FIVE

| (a)Write equations for synthesis of anthracene from benzene and phthalic anhydride using | ng the |
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| following reagents. Name the Intermidiates and final products. | |
| (i) AlCl3/heat, $H_2So_4/100^{\circ}C$, then Zn | (6marks) |
| (b) Explain how dimerisation of anthracene occurs. | (7marks) |
| (c) Write the names of the two structures of sulphonated products of anthracene | (2marks) |