

TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

Faculty of Applied and Health Sciences DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL SCIENCES

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL LABORATORY SCIENCES (DMLS 12S)

AML 2143: MEDICAL TERMINOLOGIES

SPECIAL/SUPPLEMENTARY: EXAMINATIONS

SERIES: February 2013

TIME: 2 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS:

You should have the following for this examination

- Answer booklet

This paper consists of **TWO** sections.

Answer all questions in **Section A** and **B.** $\frac{1}{2}$ marks deducted for any wrong answer in **Section A**.

This paper consists of **8 PRINTED** pages **SECTION A (40MARKS)**

1.	The medical term adduction means a) Towards the body b) Away from the body c) Near a point of references d) Near the trunk
2.	The other name for the seapula is a) Collar born b) Shoulder born c) Shoulder black d) Breast born
3.	A bad smeel coming from mouth is refered to as a) Cyanosis b) Halirosis c) Kyphosis d) Ecahymosis
4.	The slow onset of progressive disorientation, shortened attention span and loss of cognitive function is known as: a) Delusion b) Dementia c) Paranoia d) Delirium
5.	The plane divides in body into anterior and posterior surfaces a) Transvrse b) Frontal c) Midsagital d) Axial
6.	The terminology used to refer to the inflammation of small intestines a) Gastiritis b) Diarrhoea c) Gastroenteritis d) Enterities
7.	The terminology given to the scientist who studies tissues is a) Pathologist b) Haematologist c) Histologist

	d)	Cytologist
8.	a) b)	e terminology given to the scientist who studies tissues is Pathologist HAematologist Histologist
	d)	Cytologist
9.	a) b)	Pleura Peritoneum Viscera
	d)	Epithelium
10.	a)b)c)	e term used to refer to drugs that kill bacteria is Antibiotics Bactericidal Antientic Bacteriostatics
11.		the spilling of contents of hollow organs in the abdomen causes an intense inflammatory
		ction called :
		Pericarditis Peritaritis
		Peritonitis Appedicitis
		Uremia
12.		is refered to as the main word combining vowel
	a)	Root
		Prefix Suffix
		Combining vowel
13.	-	poperfusion is another name for
		Cyanosis Hypoxia
		Hypertension
		Shock
14.		e motion of rotating a limb outward and across the midline is
		Extension Flexion
		Adduction
		Abduction
15.	For	question $15-25$ match the anatomical terms in column 1 with their meaning in column 2
		Steatorrhea 1 . disorchrly walking movement
		Supine m. low pulse rats
	c. F	Hermparesis n. High pulse rate

- d. Bradycardia e. Tachypnea f. Ataxia
- g. Aphasiah. Autopsy
- i. Hemiglossectomy
- j. Atelecrasis
- k. Dysphasia

- o. High respiratory rate
- p. Disorder of speaking, reading and writing
- q. Slight paralysis in the left or right half of best
- r. Fat is feaciss
- s. Resectioning of the rougue
- t. Determine postmortern status of organs
- u. Difficulties in swallowing
- v. Collapsi of lungs
- 26. The name given to surgical operations witting the stomach is
 - a) Gastritis
 - b) Gastretomy
 - c) Laparatomy
 - d) Gastrology
- 27. The term given to a record of the electricity of the hart is:
 - a) Cardiorytin
 - b) Electroenaphalogram
 - c) Gectrocardiogram
 - d) Echocardiogram
- 28. Mr. T. Complained of pain surrounding his navel. This pain is described as:
 - a) Gastric
 - b) Epigastric
 - c) Hypogastric
 - d) Periumbilical
- 29. The cavity enclosing the reproducing organs is
 - a) Cranial cavity
 - b) Abdominal
 - c) Pelvic
 - d) Thoracic
- 30. Hemolysis refers to:
 - a) Blood in the cardiac sac
 - b) Inflammation of blood cells
 - c) Spiting or coughing up blood
 - d) Blood in the urinary tract
- 31. The bony socket in which the eye is located is called
 - a) Globe
 - b) Retina
 - c) Orbit

d) Chamber 32. The opening to the trachea is guarded by a leaf shaped structure called Bronchus a) b) **Epiglotis** c) Cricoid cardilase Thyroid cartilage d) 33. For no 33-36 match the surgical procidin with reason for performing it e. Inspection of abdominal organs a. Masectomy b. Hysterectomy f. Removal of cancer cells in the breast c. Laryngectomy g. Prevention of spread of cancer from uterus d. Laparatomy h. Removal of a squamous all carcinoma in vein box 37. The specialist that treat disorder of the anus rectum is known as Gastroenterologist a) b) Urologist **Proctologist** c) d) Orthodontist 38. The doctor that operates on the organs of the urinary tract is Urologist a) Nephrologists **b**) c) Neurologist Cardiolost d)

SECTION B ESSAY (60MARKS) Answer all questions

List any TEN suffixes giving meanings and two examples of each
 Briefly discuss the terminologies associated with the digestive system
 Outline the meaning of any terms ending with the suffix "ectomy".
 (20marks)
 (20marks)