

# TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA Faculty of Business and Social Studies Faculty of Engineering & Technology

DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS STUDIES DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & IT

# UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS FOR DEGREE IN BACHELOR OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION BACHELOR OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & IT BACHELOR OF COMMERCE

## **BFI 4102: INTRODUCTION TO ECONOMICS**

## END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS SERIES: APRIL 2015 TIME: 2 HOURS

## **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- Answer Question **ONE (Compulsory)** and any other **TWO** questions.
- Do not write on the question paper

This paper consists of Three printed pages

## **QUESTION 1 (Compulsory)**

a) Write short notes to explain the following:

Shift in the supply curve and movement along the supply curve.
Stable equilibrium.

b) Using a diagram explain the concept of 'diminishing marginal utility''.
c) i) Define the term "indifference curve".
ii) With the aid of separate diagrams illustrate indifference curves for perfect substitutes and for perfect complimentary goods.

d)	<ul><li>i) Explain the difference between fixed and variable costs.</li><li>ii) Distinguish between average and marginal costs.</li></ul>	(4 marks) (4 marks)
e)	<ul><li>i) Explain the term price discrimination as used in economics.</li><li>ii) Outline the necessary conditions for a firm to successfully price discriminate.</li></ul>	(2 marks) (6 marks)
f)	Outline <b>TWO</b> types of returns to scale.	(2 marks)
QUESTION 2		
a)	Explain the main determinants of elasticity of demand.	(6 marks)
b)	Briefly describe <b>SIX</b> economic applications of the concept of elasticity of demand.	(6 marks)
c)	<ul> <li>i) What is elasticity of demand?</li> <li>ii) What is point elasticity of demand?</li> <li>iii) The demand for a commodity is <b>FIVE</b> units when the price is Ksh. 1,000 per unit. price rises to six units. Compute the point and arc elasticity of demand.</li> </ul>	(2 marks) (2 marks) When the (4 marks)

#### **QUESTION 3**

a) In a two-commodity market model the supply and demand functions are given as:

$$Q_{s1} = -6 + 8p_1$$
  

$$Q_{s2} = -36 + 8p_2$$
  

$$Q_{d1} = 8 - 2_{p1} + p_2$$
  

$$Qd_2 = 20 + 2p_1 - 2p_2$$

#### **Required:**

- i) Explain the relationship between the two commodities giving valid economic reasons. (2 marks)ii) Using the functions provided, calculate the equilibrium values of price and quantities. (6 marks)
- b) Discuss some of the factors that may cause a shift of the supply curve. (12 marks)
  QUESTION 4
  a) Distinguish between 'micro economics" and "macro economics". (4 marks)
- b) Identify **FIVE** ways in which governments can influence the allocation of resources. (10 marks)
- c) i) Define the term "consumer sovereignty".(2 marks)ii) Outline the limitations of consumer sovereignty.(4 marks)

## **QUESTION 5**

- a) Explain the income and substitution effects of a change in the price of X, assuming that commodity X is:
  - i) a normal good
  - ii) an inferior good
  - iii) a giffen good (6 marks) (Diagram 2 marks)
- b) Outline the applications of indifference curve analysis. (12 marks)