TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

FACULTY OF APPLIED AND HEALTH SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS & PHYSICS UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN; STATISTICS AND COMPUTER SCIENCE,

MATHEMATICS AND COMPUTER SCIENCE AMA 4212: VECTOR ANALYSIS

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SERIES: APRIL 2016

TIME: 2HOURS

DATE: Pick Date Select Month Pick Year

Instructions to Candidates

You should have the following for this examination *-Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID*This paper consists of Choose No questions. Attempt Choose instruction. **Do not write on the question paper.**

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

a) Explain each of the following, giving an example of each.

i) A vector (2marks)

ii) A scalar (2marks)

b) Show that addition of vectors is commutative. (4marks)

c) Find the projection of the vector $\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ on $4\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} + 7\hat{k}$. (3marks)

d) Find the divergence and curl of the vector

$$\vec{V} = (xyz)\hat{i} + (3x2y)\hat{j} + (xz^2 - y^2z)\hat{k}$$
 at the point (2,-1,1) (6marks)

- e) A vector field is given by $\vec{A} = (x^2 + xy^2)\hat{i} + (y^2 + x^2y)\hat{j}$ show that the field is irrotational. (4marks)
- f) Given $\vec{a} = \hat{i} + \hat{j} \hat{k}$, $\vec{b} = \hat{i} \hat{j} + \hat{k}$, $\vec{c} = \hat{i} \hat{j} \hat{k}$. Find the vector $\vec{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \vec{c})$ (5marks)
- g) State Green's theorem. (4marks)

QUESTION TWO (20MARKS)

- a) Find the angle between the vectors $(2\hat{i} + 6\hat{j} + 3\hat{k})$ and $(12\hat{i} 4\hat{j} + 3\hat{k})$. (5marks)
- Use Greens' theorem in a plane to evaluate the integral $\oint_c (2x^2 y^2) dx + (x^2 + y^2) dy$ Where c is the boundary in the xy plane of the area enclosed by the x- axis and the semi-circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ in the upper half xy plane. (9marks)
- c) A force $\tilde{F} = 3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} 4k$ is applied at the point (1,-1,2). Find the moment of the force about the point (2,-1,3) (6marks)

QUESTION THREE (20MARKS)

- a). Verify Stoke's theorem for $\vec{F} = (x^2 + y^2)\hat{i} 2xy j$ taken round the rectangle bounded by the lines $x = \pm a, y = 0, y = b$. (15marks)
- b). Find the directional derivative of the function $f = x^2 y^2 + 2z^2$ at the point p(1,2,3) in the direction of the line PQ where Q is the point (5,0,4) (5marks)

OUESTION FOUR (20MARKS)

a). Evaluate:

i)
$$div \left[\frac{\vec{r}}{r^3} \right]$$
 where $\vec{r} = x\hat{i} + y\hat{j} + z\hat{k}$. (7marks)

ii)
$$\int_{c} \vec{F} \cdot \vec{dr} \text{ where c is the arc of the parabola } y = 2x^{2} \text{ from (0,0) to (1,2) and}$$

$$\vec{F} = 3xy\hat{i} - y^{2}\hat{j}$$
(7 marks)

b). Constant forces $\vec{P} = 2\hat{i} - 5\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}$ and $\vec{Q} = -\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - \hat{k}$ act on a particle. Determine the work done when the particle is displaced from A(4,-3,-2) to B(6,1,-3)

(6marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- a) If $\vec{a} \times \vec{r} = \vec{b} + \lambda \vec{a}$ and $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{r} = 3$ where $\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} + \hat{j} \hat{k}$ and $\vec{b} = -\hat{i} 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$. Find \vec{r} and λ (9marks)
- b) Find the area of a parallelogram whose adjacent sides are $\hat{i} 2\hat{j} + 3k$ and $2\hat{i} + \hat{j} 4\hat{k}$ (4marks)
- c) Show that the four points (3,-2,4), B(6,3,1), C(5,7,3) and D(2,2,6) are coplanar. (7marks)