

DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL SCIENCES UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF MEDICAL LABORATORY SCIENCES BMLS 12S (Mid entry)

AML 4420: BLOOD TRANSFUSION II

SEMESTER EXAMINATION

OCTOBER 2013 SERIES

2 HOURS

Instructions to candidates: This paper consist of **TWO** sections A and **B** Section A – Contains MCQS, any wrong response will be penalised. Answer ALL questions in Section B.

SECTION A – MCQs – (30marks)

- 1. HLA antigen resting many be used for all except the following:
 - a) Paternity testing
 - b) Marching platelets
 - c) Matching organs for dozation
 - d) Classification of leukemia
 - e) Transfusion
- 2. ABO blood groups were discovered by:
 - a) Mendelson
 - b) Morgan
 - c) Wiener
 - d) Landstainer
 - e) Coombs

3. In extreme emergency if the ABO a Rh type are unknown which of the following should be given

- a) Grouping O, Rh positive blood
- b) Group AB, Rh negative blood
- c) Group O, Rh negative blood
- d) Any blood types is Ok
- e) A and B

- 4. Which of the following contains all the possible phenoltypen that could be the result of parents who are type O a type A
 - a) Type A or type O only
 - b) Type A only
 - c) Type O only
 - d) All possible blood types
 - e) Type AB only
- 5. IgM antibodies produced against red blood cells generally
 - a) Cause severe hemolytic reactions
 - b) Can be identified my the AHG test
 - c) React best at room temperature
 - d) React best at 37°C
 - e) React best at 4°C
- 6. A refrigeration used to store whole blood most be able to maintain a temperature in the ranges of :
 - a) 0-4°C
 - b) 2-4°C
 - c) 2-8°C
 - d) 1-6°C
 - e) 37°C

7. The Rh nomechatune which uses the letters DCE is found in which of the following genetic models

- a) Landsteiner
- b) Wiener
- c) Fisher-Race
- d) Race
- e) Coombs
- 8. A false-negative reaction while performing the DAT technique may be the result of
 - a) Red cell /AHG tube is over centrifugal
 - b) Blood collected in tube containing silicon gel
 - c) Saline used for wash stored in glass or metal container
 - d) AHG addition delayed for 40 or more minutes
 - e) A and B
- 9. To detect the presence of blocking antibodies fixed on the red cells of a newborn infant
 - a) Use the indirect antigrabulin test
 - b) Use the direct antiglobulin test
 - c) Use antibody screening test
 - d) Use elution test
 - e) Use neutralization test

- 10. Gamma irradiation of cellular blood components is required in which of the following situations
 - a) Prevent port transfusion purpura
 - b) Prevent Graft versen hurt disease
 - c) Prevent rejection of graft
 - d) Prevent edema
 - e) Prevent inflammation
- 11. Which of the following would not be detected by means of a major crossmatch.
 - a) Misgrouping a group O patient as group A
 - b) Misgrouping a group A patient as group O
 - c) Misgrouping a group A down as group O
 - d) Misgrouping a group B donor as a group O
 - e) None of the above
- 12. Unexpected positive reactions encountered during forward ABO typing may be due to:
 - a) A or B subgroups
 - b) Antigen depression due to leukemia
 - c) Hypogammaglobulinemin
 - d) Acquired B antigen due to intertinal cancer
 - e) A and B
- 13. Which of the following blodd components will provide the best source of fibrirogen for a patient with hypodibrigenmia
 - a) Wholeblood
 - b) Fresh frozen plasma
 - c) Plastelets
 - d) Cryoprecipitate
 - e) Reds cells

14. The accepted blood interval between blood donation is:-

- a) 12 weeks
- b) 8 weeks
- c) 6 weeks
- d) 1 year
- e) $1\frac{1}{2}$ years

15. Dr antigens are found in which of the following systems

- a) Kell system
- b) HLA system
- c) Duffy system
- d) ABO system
- e) Rh system

16. Rh antibodies include:-

- a) IgM
- b) IgG
- c) IgE
- d) IgA
- e) IgD

17. Patients with antibody to the following antigen and immune to Hepatitis B

- a) Core antigen
- b) Surface antigen
- c) E antigen
- d) Delta antigen
- e) A and B

18. Which of the following statements best describe Rh antibodies

- a) Naturally occurring IgM
- b) Immune IgG
- c) Immune IgM
- d) Cold IgG

19. Which of the following is the proper storage temperature for frozen red cells

- a) -80°C
- b) -20°C
- c) -12°C
- d) 4°C
- e) 37°C

20. Which of the following is the proper storage temperature for whole blood

- a) -20°C
- b) -12°C
- c) 12°C
- d) $4^{\circ}C$
- e) 20°C

21. Pre-transfusion testing should include all the following except

- a) Patient a donor ABO & Rh typing
- b) Screening patient & donor for antibodies
- c) Screening patient a donor cells for unsuspected
- d) Mixing patient serum with donor cells
- e) Rh typing

- 22. The use of the direct antiglobulin test is indicated in all of the following except
 - a) Transfusion reaction
 - b) Autoimmune hemolytic anamin
 - c) Hemolytic disease of the newborn
 - d) Refection of all antibodies in serum
 - e) B & C
- 23. Which of the following best describes a minor crossmatch
 - a) Reaction of donor serum with recipient cells
 - b) Reaction of recipient cells with AHG
 - c) Reaction of donor cells with AHG
 - d) Reaction of donor cells with recipient semen
 - e) None of the above
- 24. All of the following are benefits of antilogous donation except
 - a) Reduces exposure to infectious agents
 - b) Can be given quickly in an emergency
 - c) Reduces demand for homologous blood
 - d) Eliminates sensitization to cellular blood components
 - e) A and C
- 25. Rh immune globulin therapy in postpartum women provider
 - a) Longterm protection
 - b) Antibody blocking
 - c) Passive protection
 - d) Active protection
 - e) A and B
- 26. Most common bacteria pathogens in transfused blood include
 - a) Yersiin entholoritica
 - b) Vibrio chosera
 - c) TB
 - d) Echerichia coli
 - e) B and C
- 27. The appropriate age for donation of blood is
 - a) 17 a above
 - b) 17 50 years
 - c) 17 65 years
 - d) 20 a above
 - e) 10 60 years

28. Donor should be restricted from donating blood due to the following except

- a) HIV positive
- b) 16 years of age
- c) Pregnant
- d) 17-60 years of age
- e) Receive dura matter

29. Complete antibody include

- a) IgM
- b) IgG
- c) IgD
- d) IgE
- e) IgM & IgD

30. Incomplete antibody include

- a) IgG
- b) IgD
- c) IgE
- d) IgG
- e) IgA

SECTION B

1. Discuss cross match

2. Describe coombs test

(20marks) (20marks)