

TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

Faculty of applied and Health Sciences

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND PHYSICS

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MATHEMATICS AND COMPUTER SCIENCE

AMA 4323: ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS II

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SERIES: MAY 2016

TIME: 2 HOURS

DATE: 2016

PAPER B

Instructions to Candidates

You should have the following for this examination -Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID This paper consists of 5 questions. Question one is compulsory. Answer any other two questions **Do not write on the question paper.**

QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY)

(a) Solve the system of linear equations

x'(t) = 3x(t) - 4y(t)y'(t) = 4x(t) - 7y(t)

(6 marks)

(b) (i) Consider the equation y' = f(x, y) define a rectangular region L by

 $|x-x_0| \le a \text{ and } |y-y_0| \le b$ With points (x_0, y_0) at its centre. Then there exists a function

 $\phi(x)$ On the interval $|x - x_0| \le h$. Give the four properties of $\phi(x)$ (4 marks)

- (ii) State the existence and uniqueness theorem (2 marks)
- (iii) Show the convergence of the initial value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y;$$
 $x_0 = 0,$ $y_0 = 1$ (5 marks)

(c) Reduce the third order equation below to a first order system of equations

$$\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + 8\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 10\frac{dy}{dx} + 7y = 2x^3$$
 (4 marks)

- (d) Define the following terms
 - (i) Total differential equation (2 marks)
 - (ii) Ordinary point (2 marks)
- (e) Find the values of x and y in the first order system

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = y$$
 , $\frac{dy}{dt} = -2x + 3y$ (5 marks)

QUESTION TWO

- (a) Solve (yz + xyz)dx + (zx + xyz)dy + (xy + xyz)dz = 0 (13 marks)
- (b) Locate and classify the singular points of the equation

$$(x^{2} - 8x)\frac{d^{2}y}{dx^{2}} + (x + 2)\frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$$
(7 marks)

QUESTION THREE

(a) Solve
$$X' = AX$$
 where $X = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$ and $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -5 \\ 2 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$ (10 marks)

(b) Find two independent series solutions of the Legendre equation

$$(1-x^2)y''-2xy'+2y=0$$
 (10 marks)

QUESTION FOUR

(a) Obtain the indicial equation of

$$16x^2y'' + (x+2)y = 0$$
 (8 marks)

(b) Solve
$$\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} = xe^x$$
 (9 marks)

(c) What are the three conditions for the exactness of Pdx + Qdy + Rdz = 0 (3 marks)

QUESTION FIVE

- a) Consider the first order vector equation X'(t) = Ax(t) + B(t) where A is an $n \times n$ matrix of real numbers, x(t) is a column vector function of t and B(t) an n-dimensional column vector function of t .show that its characteristic polynomial is given by |A mI| (13 marks)
- b) Determine the singular points of the equation

$$(x^{2} - 81)\frac{d^{2}y}{dx^{2}} + 9x\frac{dy}{dx} + (x + 9)y = 0$$
 (5 marks)

c) What is a differential equation (2 marks)