

TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

FACULTY OF APPLIED AND HEALTH SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL SCIENCES UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:

DEGREE

AML 4101 : GOOD CLINICAL LABORATORY PRACTICE END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SERIES: Select series 2016

TIME: 3 HOURS

DATE: Pick Date May 2016

Instructions to Candidates

You should have the following for this examination
-Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID
This paper consists of Choose No Section(s). Attempt ALL questions.

Circle the correct answer in section A.

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Section A (30 Marks)

- 1. Entry in the following laboratory is highly restricted_____
 - a) Biosafety level 3
 - b) HIV diagnostic laboratory
 - c) Teaching laboratory
 - d) Biosafety level 4
 - e) Laboratory for cholera studies
- 2. Persons or Institutions who fund health research projects are referred to as_____
 - a) Bill Gates
 - b) Sponsor

c)	County governments
d)	WHO
e)	Principle investigator
3. Serv	vices offered by the laboratory are internationally recognized if the laboratory
a)	Acquire ISO certification
b)	Is approved by KEMRI
c)	Has a license
d)	Is in a level 5 hospital
e)	Can carry out all biomedical tests
4. The	following statements are correct about the consent forms except the form must
a)	Be understood by participants
b)	Show compensation
c)	Be Signed by participant
d)	Indicate risks involved
e)	must be in Kiswahili or English language
5. Clin	ical trial samples are collected by any of the following except the?
a)	Principle investigator
b)	Nurse
c)	Technologist
d)	Sponsor
e)	Research student
6. Minutes of the ethical review committee are signed by	
a)	The Imam
b)	The priest
c)	The chairman
d)	The participants
e)	The laboratory director

a)	Heavy objects
b)	Bacteria
c)	Acids
d)	Sharps
e)	Syringes
8. The	following is not advisable to wear when carrying out centrfugation
a)	Long sleeved laboratory coat
b)	Neck tie
c)	Hand gloves
d)	goggles
e)	Metallic watch
9. The	manufactures instruction on a kit can be used as
a)	SOP
b)	Job aid
c)	Laboratory policy
d)	External quality control document
e)	Experimental protocol
10. W	hich one of the following shows formal communication in the laboratory
a)	Work schedules
b)	Time tables
c)	SOPs
d)	Laboratory organizational charts
e)	Manuals
11. Ex	posure to UV radiation is prevented by
a)	Switching the UV when no one is present

7. Which of the following can be foud in the MSDS

	d)	Using for short periods
	e)	Consuming large amounts of fluids
12.	Wł	nich of the following statements is not found in the material quality control SOP?
	a)	Expired materials can used in case of emergency
	b)	Proper storage
	c)	Use of positive quality control
	d)	Use of negative quality control
	e)	Results of quality control material is indicated
13.	Bio	phazards symbols can be found in all of the following except
	a)	Biosafety cabinets
	b)	Entrance of Biosafety levels
	c)	On Packages transporting biological specimens
	d)	Entrance of Scientific conference hall
	e)	Laboratory waste bags
14.	Pat	ient specimen request form must contain the following except
	a)	Marital status
	b)	Age of patient
	c)	Signature of Clinician
	d)	Date
	e)	Name of health facility
15.	Wi	thdrawal of study participants is indicated in
	a)	SOPs
	b)	Specimen request form
	c)	Consent forms
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b) Wearing double laboratory coats

c) Wearing gloves

	d)	The proposal
	e)	references
16.	Wł	nich one of the following is used by laboratory staff to protect confidentiality of patients?
	a)	Initials of patient name
	b)	Surname of patient
	c)	Codes
	d)	Name of specimen only
	e)	Date of specimen
17.	Αo	chart written by laboratory staff to assist them in carrying out routine work is the
	a)	Laboratory manuals
	b)	SOPs
	c)	Manufactures instructions
	d)	Job aid
	e)	Reference chart
18.	Wł	nich of the following regulation is used for transport of infectious materials from Brazil to Kenya
	a)	Zika control regulations
	b)	IATA regulation
	c)	CDC regulations
	d)	WHO guidelines
	e)	Public Health Cap 242
19.	In	which one of the following Biosafety levels, infection is acquired through ingestion
	a)	Food microbiology laboratory
	b)	Biosafety level 3 laboratory
	c)	Teaching laboratory
	d)	Biosafety level 2 laboratory
	e)	Biosafety level 4 laboratory

20.	То	upgrade county laboratories the most important exercise is to
	a)	Educate members of staff
	b)	Employ experts
	c)	Build new laboratories
	d)	Carry out a gap analysis
	e)	Write proposals
21.	Lal	poratory testing personnel can perform the following except
	a)	Log in equipment performance
	b)	Apply coding of specimen
	c)	Develop a Quality Management Program
	d)	Disinfect the workbench
	e)	Attend seminars
22.	so	Ps are owned by?
	a)	Laboratory director
	b)	patients
	c)	Laboratory staff
	d)	The authors
	e)	The institution
23.	On	e of the earliest researches which failed in good clinical practice was
	a)	Ebola study
	b)	Discovery of penicillin
	c)	Cholera studies
	d)	HIV research
	e)	Tuskegee syphilis study
24.	Spe	eed failure in a centrifuge is audited by reviewing
	a)	Company documents
	b)	Inventory book

	d)	SOPs
	e)	Control charts
25.	The	e most sensitive specimen in the clinical laboratory is the
	a)	Blood sample
	b)	Typhoid samples
	c)	Frozen samples
	d)	Cerebral Spinal fluid
	e)	Sputum
26.	All	proposals which handle human specimens are cleared by
	a)	The cabinet secretary of health
	b)	Universities
	c)	Scientific steering committees
	d)	KMLTTB
	e)	Ethical Review Boards
27.	Ali	quots of clinical specimen are prepared for
	a)	Economic purpose
	b)	archiving
	c)	labeling
	d)	to save space
	e)	training students
28.	The	e role of the sponsor in clinical trials is
	a)	To employ scientists
	b)	To ship in reagents
	c)	To report to the WHO
	d)	To provide quality assurance
	e)	To provide financial support
29	. Th	ne first document to refer to if laboratory equipment is shifted is the
	a)	Inventory

c) Equipment logs

- b) Work sheet
- c) Transport files
- d) Audit reports
- e) Equipment maintenance records
- 30. What action is taken if unlabelled specimen is received?
 - a) Report the clinician to the Laboratory director
 - b) Process specimen and indicate not labeled
 - c) Accept specimen and search for the patient
 - d) Test specimen but withhold results
 - e) Reject the specimen

Section B

Question 31.

- a) Describe the types of laboratory hazards (10 Marks)
- b) Define the following
 - i. The ethical review committee (6 marks)
 - ii. The scientific steering committee (4 marks)

Question 32

Discuss in details the main documents required to carry out clinical trials and good laboratory procedures (20 Marks)