TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

SCHOOL OF BUSINESS

DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT SCIENCE

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION S DIPLOMA IN ACCOUNTANCY DIPLOMA IN LOGISTICS AND TRANSPORT MANAGEMENT

BAC 2212/2214: FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SEMESTER EXAMINATION MAY 2016 SERIES

2 HOURS

Instructions to candidates:

This paper consists of FIVE questions

Answer question ONE (compulsory) and any other TWO questions

DO NOT WRITE ON THE QUESTION PAPER.

QUESTION ONE (Compulsory)

٠,١	Describe the feature to consider when modifies a financiar decision	10
b)	List four advantages of overdraft finance	8 marks
a)	What are the similarities between Debt and Preference share capital?	8 marks

c) Describe the factors to consider when making a financing decision. 10 marks

d) The par value of an ordinary share is \$20 but the market price is \$36. Dividends are paid at 30% and the floatation cost is \$6. The growth rate is 10%. Calculate the cost of ordinary share.

4 marks

QUESTION TWO

20% Debentures

What are the differences between **Debt finance** and **Ordinary share capital** or Equity finance?

10 marks

The following is the capital structure of Kakira Idinda Sukari Ltd as at 31 December 2015:

\$

400000

Ordinary share capital (par value \$20)	1600000
8% Preference share capital (par value \$30)	1200000
20% Preference share capital (par value \$40)	800000

Additional information at 31 December 2015:

MARKET PRICE \$

Ordinary shares \$30 per share

8% Preference shares	\$24 per share
20% Preference shares	\$40 per share
20% Debentures	\$1000000

The Corporation tax rate is 30%

Ordinary shares have a dividend of \$6 per share with a growth rate of 10%

REQUIRED

a)	Cost of Ordinary share capital	2 marks
b)	Cost of 8% Preference share capital	2 marks
c)	Cost of 20% Preference share capital	2 marks
d)	Cost of 20% Debentures	2 marks
e)	Weighted average cost of capital	12 marks

QUESTION THREE

Alif and Bei want to invest in a project which costs \$ 80000 and a scrap value of \$ 20000.

The stream of cash flows before depreciation and taxes plus the present value discount factors are given below:

Year	cash flows \$	10% d.factor	5% d.factor
1	16000	0.9091	0.9524
2	18000	0.8264	0.9070
3	20000	0.7513	0.8638
4	21000	0.6830	0.8227
5	30000	0.6209	0.7835

Taxation is 40%

Depreciation on straight line basis is \$ 12000

Cost of capital is 10%

Required:

a) Compute the Net Present Value {NPV}b) Compute the Internal Rate of Return {IRR| and advice accordingly.10 marks

QUESTION FOUR

a) List the difference between **Debt finance** and **Ordinary share** capital {Equity Finance}

10 marks

b) Explain why it may be difficult for small business owners to raise finance in Kenya.

10 marks

QUESTION FIVE

Write brief explanatory notes on the following:

a)	Cost of capital	4 marks
b)	Sale and lease back	4 marks
c)	Payback	4 marks
d)	Factoring and Invoice discounting	4 marks
e)	Time value of money	4 marks