

TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

FACULTY OF APPLIED AND HEALTH SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL SCIENCES

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:

BMLS

AML 4212: CLINICAL CHEMISTRY II.

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SERIES: APRIL 2016

TIME:2 HOURS

DATE: Pick DateSelect MonthPick Year

Instructions to Candidates

You should have the following for this examination -Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID This paper consists of Choose Nochoose Sect/Quest. AttemptChoose instruction. **Circle the correct answer in section A.**

Section A

- 1. Which one of the following are liver cells?
 - A. Islets of Langerhans
 - B. Leucocytes
 - C. Hepatocytes
 - D. Livercytes
 - E. Leucocytes
- 2. Which of the following is not a clinical manifestation of liver disorder?
 - A. Icterus
 - B. Jaundice
 - C. Portal hypertension
 - D. Odema
 - E. Hepatitis

- 3. Which one of the following enzymes will be elevated due to skeletal muscle injury?
 - A. AST
 - B. ALT
 - C. ALP
 - D. GGT
 - E. ACP

4. Which of the following is the best parameter for investigating alcoholic liver disease?

- A. AST
- B. ALT
- C. ALP
- D. GGT
- E. ACP
- 5. Which of the following statements is true about lipids?
 - A. Are soluble in body water and insoluble in alcohol
 - B. Are transported to the heart by chylomicrons
 - C. A person undertaking the lipid profile test should fast overnight
 - D. Are transported in the blood stream by total protein.
 - E. Are analyzed in the laboratory by Buiret method
- 6. Which of the following cells are known to contribute in the formation of plaque?
 - A. Hepatocytes
 - B. Thrombocytes
 - C. Erythrocytes
 - D. Scavenger
 - E. Leucocytes
- 7. Which one of the following cardiovascular diseases is directly related to lipid disorder?
 - A. Stroke
 - B. Hypertension
 - C. Rheumatic heart disease
 - D. Coronary heart disease
 - E. Cardiomegally
- 8. What name refers to the pain that result from a reduction in the supply of oxygen to heart muscles?
 - A. Artherosclerosis
 - B. Plaque
 - C. Angina pectoris
 - D. Myocardial infarction
 - E. Stroke

- 9. Which one is a significant step in reducing the risk of death from coronary heart disease?
 - A. Reducing serum total cholesterol levels
 - B. Consuming a lot of carbohydrates
 - C. Visiting cardiac clinic regularly
 - D. Consuming a lot of fat rich foods
 - E. Frequent blood checkes
- 10. In therapeutic drug management, drug dosage.
 - A. Must be planned to achieve therapeutic concentration
 - B. Raised within the period of treatment
 - C. Decreased within the period of treatment
 - D. Given with minimal drug analysis
 - E. Given three times a day.
- 11. Which of the following best describes LDL-C?
 - A. High levels causes myocardial infraction.
 - B. Related to a reduction in heart diseases
 - C. Transports cholesterol from the blood stream to the liver
 - D. Referred to as "GOOD CHOLESTEROL".
 - E. Transported freely in the body
- 12. Which of the following is a hormonal regulator of calcium and phosphate homeostasis?
 - A. Thyroxin
 - B. Estradiol
 - C. Parathyroid
 - D. Testosterone
 - E. Pancreas
- 13. What is the end product of catecholamine's metabolism?
 - A. Creatinine
 - B. Epinephrine
 - C. Norepinephrine
 - D. Vanylmandelic acid (VMA)
 - E. Urea
- 14. Which one is a characteristic of conjugated bilirubin?
 - A. Protein bound
 - B. Soluble in water
 - C. Found free in plasma
 - D. Indirect bilirubin
 - E. Coagulates on heating

- 15. Which method can be used for qualification of serum protein?
 - A. Electrophoresis
 - B. Benedict alkaline reduction test
 - C. Gremlin's nitric acid ring test
 - D. Biuret's test
 - E. Jeffs reaction
- 16. Which one of the following is a product of bilirubin coupled to diazosulphuric acid?
 - A. Biliverdin
 - B. Azobilirubin
 - C. Stercobilin
 - D. Urobilin
 - E. All of the above
- 17. Most of plasma thyroxin (T4) is:
 - A. Free
 - B. Bound to globulin
 - C. Bound to albumin
 - D. Bound to cholesterol
 - E. Incomplete

18. Which one of the following is not secreted by the anterior pituitary gland?

- A. ACTH
- B. TSH
- C. VMA
- D. FSH
- E. None of the above
- 19. Which of the following areas of the body produce calcitonin hormone in human?
 - A. Thyroid
 - B. Parathyroid
 - C. Anterior pituitary
 - D. Posterior pituitary
 - E. Pancreas
- 20. Which of the following is the most potent of the biologically active androgens?
 - A. Testosterone
 - B. Progesterone
 - C. Aldosterone
 - D. Oestrogen
 - E. FSH

- 21. Which of the following areas of the body results to pheochromocytoma when in hyper function state.
 - A. Islets of Langerhans
 - B. Adrenal cortex
 - C. Adrenal medulla
 - D. Pituitary
 - E. Pancreas

22. In which group of hormones does adrenocorticotropic (ACTH) fall?

- A. Glycoprotein
- B. Steroid
- C. Polypeptide
- D. Polysaceharide
- E. Amines

23. One method of measurement of trypsin activity involves:

- A. Phosphatase analysis
- B. Occult blood detection
- C. Faecal fat analysis
- D. Liquefaction of gelatin
- E. None of the above

24. Which one of the following refers to free acidity in gastric analysis?

- A. Hydrochloric acid
- B. Lactic acid
- C. Butyric acid
- D. Acetic acid
- E. Nitric acid
- 25. What may be the cause of "coffee grounds" appearance which is a description of digested blood in the gastric juice.
 - A. Hunger
 - B. Thalassaemia
 - C. Inter-gastric bleeding
 - D. Extreme thirst
 - E. Fever

26. What is a result of conversion of pepsinogen in the presence of HCL?

- A. Pepsin
- B. Rennin
- C. Lipase
- D. Weak acid
- E. Insulin

- 27. Which one of the following is not a normal content of gastric juice?
 - A. Enzymes
 - B. Mucus
 - C. Intrinsic factor
 - D. Blood
 - E. All of the above

28. Which one of the following is a parenteral structure of the gastric mucosa?

- A. Insulin
- B. Oxytocin
- C. Coffee
- D. Histamine
- E. Hormone

29. Which one of the following is not a disorder of amino acid metabolism?

- A. Maple syrup urine disease
- B. Multiple myeloma
- C. Homocystinuria
- D. Nonketotic hyperglycinemia
- E. Phenylketonuria

30. Which one of the following is not an essential amino acid?

- A. Leucine
- B. Cysteine
- C. Lysine
- D. Valine
- E. Histidine

Section B

31.

	(A)De	scribe two male infertile and 3 female infertile conditions.	(10marks)
l	(B) Bri	efly explain the cardiovascular disease.	(10marks)
32.			
	(A)Bri	efly describe the Liver Function Tests	(10marks)
,	(B) Lis	at functions of five amino acids	(5marks)
	(C) Define the following terminologies		(5marks)
	(i)	Drug	
	(ii)	Monitoring	
	(iii)	Peak level	
	(iv)	Toxicology	
	(v)	Toxidromes	