# TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

## **Faculty of Engineering and Technology**

## DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL AND AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERING

# UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS FOR DEGREE IN BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

# (BSME) Y4-S1

# EMG 2402: MATERIALS FORMING PROCESSES I

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

SERIES: MAY 2016

## TIME: 2 HOURS

# **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- ♦ You should have; Answer booklet,; Drawing instruments and Scientific calculator
- This paper consists of FIVE questions
- ✤ Attempt any THREE questions.

## This paper consists of THREE printed pages

## **QUESTION 1**

a) (i) State TWO conditions that determine how well a material may be deep drawn.

(ii)Contrast hot working process with cold working process  $(4\frac{1}{2} \text{ marks})$ 

(b)A 40mm square aperture is to be produced on a steel strip of 3mm thick. The shear stress of the material is 450N/mm<sup>2</sup> and penetration occurs at one quarter of the thickness. If the maximum punch force is to be reduced by one third, and assuming single shear on the punch, calculate:

(i)Amount of shear required(mm)

(ii)Angle of shear (5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> marks)

(c) A cup of final diameter 75mm and height 200mm is to be deep drawn on a press tool. The blank is 1mm thick and the tensile stress is 420 N/mm<sup>2</sup>. The reductions of 50%, 40%, 30% etc. Determine:

- (i) Blank size
- (ii) Number of drawing operations required and the height after each draw
- (iii) Maximum drawing force (10 marks)

## **QUESTION 2**

- a) Describe:
  - *i*) Upsetting
  - *ii)* Impact extrusion (7 marks)
- b) A copper billet 135mm diameter and 265mm long is extruded at 820° C at a speed of 225mm/s. Using square dies and assuming poor lubrication, estimate the force required in this operation if the final diameter is 60mm. (Take C=131MPa, m=0.06) (6 marks)
- c) A 500mm wide 6061-T6 aluminium strip is rolled from a thickness of 21mm to 17mm. If the roll radius is 305mm and roll r.p.m is 115, estimate the total horsepower required for the operation. (Take K=410 MPa, n=0.05) (7 marks)

# **QUESTION3**

Describe:

- i. Transfer moulding
- ii. Rotational moulding
- iii. Laminated sheet, and
- iv. Injection moulding (20 marks)

## **QUESTION4**

- a) Describe THREE types of ceramics. (3 marks)
- b) Describe the methods of forming ceramics. (6 marks)
- c) A solid cylindrical ceramic part is to be made whose final length is to be l<sub>f</sub>=20mm. It has been established that for this material, linear shrinkage during drying and firing are 5% and 9% respectively based on the dried dimension L<sub>d</sub>. Calculate:
  - (i) Initial length  $L_o$  of the part.
  - (ii) The dried porosity  $P_d$  if the porosity of the fired part  $P_f$  is 6%. (6 marks)
- d) A steel workpiece has a given face with a desired length of 600mm. It is to be cast from a pattern of white iron. This pattern is itself derived from an original wooden pattern. Given that the shrinkage allowance for steel is 15mm/m, and the machining allowance for steel is 16mm/m; and that for white iron the shrinkage allowance is 11mm/m and machining allowance for white iron is 16mm/m, determine:
  - i) Dimension of white iron pattern
  - ii) Dimension of wooden pattern (5 marks)

## **QUESTION5**

Describe:

- a) Investment casting
- b) Hot chamber die casting
- c) Centrifugal casting
- d) Slush casting (20 marks)