



# TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

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FACULTY OF APPLIED & HEALTH SCIENCES

MATHEMATICS & PHYSICS DEPARTMENT

## UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:

BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY IN APPLIED PHYSICS AND BACHELOR  
OF TECHNOLOGY IN ENVIRONMENTAL PHYSICS & RENEWABLE  
ENERGY

APS 4306: SOLID STATE PHYSICS

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

**SERIES: MAY 2016**

**TIME: 2 HOURS**

**DATE: MAY 2016**

### Instructions to Candidates

You should have the following for this examination

-Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID

This paper consists of 4 questions.

**Do not write on the question paper. Answer question ONE (compulsory) and any other two questions.**

### SECTION A (30 MARKS)

#### QUESTION 1

(a) Explain the following terms:

(i) Basis [2 points]

(ii) A Wigner-Seitz cell [3 points]

(b) (i) How many lattice points are there per primitive cell? Explain your answer. [3points]

(ii) Explain how you would compute the Miller indices of a crystal plane. [3points]

(c) (i) Derive the Bragg law of diffraction. [5points]

(ii) Using Fourier analysis and translational invariance of crystal show that,

$$n(\mathbf{r}+\mathbf{T}) = n(\mathbf{r}), \text{ where } \mathbf{T} = u_1 \mathbf{a}_1 + u_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + u_3 \mathbf{a}_3 \quad [4points]$$

(d) (i) Consider nearest neighbor planes,  $s$  and  $s \pm 1$ . The force on the  $s$  plane due to the two other planes is given by,

$$F_s = C(u_{s+1} - u_s) + C(u_{s-1} - u_s) \text{ where the letters have their usual meanings.}$$

write down the equation of motion of an atom in the plane  $s$ , solve it and show that

$$\text{the frequency of motion is given by } \omega^2 = \frac{4C}{M} \sin^2 \frac{1}{2} Ka \quad [7points]$$

(ii) Sketch the graph of the frequency versus the wave vector  $K$ . [3points]

## QUESTION 2 (20Points)

(a) Explain the following terms,

(i) Brillouin zone [3Points]

(ii) Structure factor and atomic form factor [3points]

(b) (i) Give the expression for the energy of a collection of oscillators of frequency

$$\omega_{K,p} \quad [3points]$$

(ii) Using the expression you gave in (i) above, determine the expression for the lattice heat capacity. [4points]

(c) Discuss the Debye model for density of states and show that in this model

$$\text{the heat capacity is given by } C_V = \frac{3V\hbar^2}{2\pi^2 v^3 k_B T^2} \int_0^{\omega_D} d\omega \frac{\omega^4 e^{\hbar\omega/\tau}}{(e^{\hbar\omega/\tau} - 1)^2}.$$

Do not perform the integration. Just leave the expression in its integral form.  
[7Points]

### QUESTION 3

(a) Explain what is meant by cohesive energy in crystal binding. [3Points]

(b) Discuss the Einstein model for the density of and determine the expression for heat capacity in this model. [7Points]

(c) The cohesive energy of an inert gas is given by

$$U_{total} = \frac{1}{2} N(4\varepsilon) \left[ \sum_{ij} \left( \frac{\sigma}{p_{ij}R} \right)^{12} - \sum_{ij} \left( \frac{\sigma}{p_{ij}R} \right)^6 \right]$$

For  $R = R_0$ , and  $\sum_j p_{ij}^{-12} = 12.131188$ ,  $\sum_j p_{ij}^{-6} = 14.45392$  compute the total

energy at  $R = R_0$ . The letters in all the expressions have their usual meanings. [10Points]

### QUESTION 4

(a) Write down the free-particle Schrodinger equation in three dimensions. [3points]

(b) Solve this problem and determine the energy of the orbital wave vector k. [4Points]

(c) From the solution above continue and determine expression for the Fermi energy and hence, density of states and heat capacity of an electron gas. [13Points]

