

# **OF MOMBASA**

| <b>UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:</b>  |
|---|
| BTIT Y3S2   |
| EIT 4312: DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS   |
| END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION   |
| SERIES:   |
| TIME: HOURS   |
| DATE:   |
| Instructions to Candidates   You should have the following for this examination   -Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID   This paper consists of |
| Do not write on the question paper.   |

#### **Question ONE (30 marks)**

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| (a) Distinguish between a distributed system and a standalone computer? (2 ma | (a) |
|---|-----|
|---|-----|

| (b) Describe any five characteristics of distributed systems |  |
|--|--|
|--|--|

(c) A distributed system has three major components, state and explain each of these components

[6 marks]

[5 marks]

- (d) Give five types of hardware resource and five types of data or software resource that can usefully be shared. Give examples of their sharing as it occurs in distributed systems. [10 marks]
- (e) List the three main software components that may fail when a client process invokes a method in a server object, giving an example of a failure in each case. To what extent are these failures independent of one another? Suggest how the components can be made to tolerate one another's failures.

[7 marks]

## Question TWO (20 marks)

- (a) Describe the meaning of the following terms
  - Distributed file system

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[3 marks]

- Remote procedure call
- Binding
- (b) Explain any four types of distribution transparency
- (c) State and explain any two concurrency problems that may occur in distributed systems
  - [4 marks]

[4 marks]

- (d) Briefly explain three categories of faults that occur in distributed systems [6 marks]
- (e) There are various design approaches that have been suggested in building dependable distributed systems that exhibit a high level of stability and fault tolerance, explain any three of these approaches [3 marks]

### **Question THREE (20 marks)**

- (a) Fundamentals models are concerned with the description of properties that are common in all of the architectural models, describe the three main fundamentals models [6 marks]
- (b) State and explain the three types of services provided by a distributed file system [3 marks]
- (c) Security goals of any computer system are decided by its security policy, state and explain three security goals that can be set in a distributed system [6 marks]
- (d) Outline five kinds of security threats to consider when designing and implementing a distributed system [5 marks]

### **Question FOUR (20 marks)**

| (a) A system that fails does not adequately provide services it was designed for, explain four types of |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| failures that may occur in parallel and distributed system  | s. [4 marks]                                    |  |
| (b) Explain the meaning of the term 'Remote Method Invoca   | ation' and how it works in a distributed system |  |
|   | [2 marks]                                       |  |
| (c) Describe using diagrams, three algorithms used to achiev  | re mutual exclusion in distributed systems      |  |
|   | [6 marks]                                       |  |
| (d) Explain four advantages of file replication   | [8 marks]                                       |  |
|   |   |  |

### **Question FIVE (20 marks)**

| (a) Distinguish between synchronous and asynchronous communication                     | [2 marks]              |
|--|------------------------|
| (b) A system that fails is not an adequately providing the services it was designed fo | r. Describe four types |
| of failure in parallel and distributed systems [2 marks]                               |                        |
| (c) Outline the steps involved in remote procedure call between clients and servers    | [5 marks]              |
| (d) With appropriate diagrams differentiate between loosely coupled and tightly cou    | pled systems           |

[6 marks]

(e) State and explain five importance of IPC (Inter-process Communication) [5 marks]