



# TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

FACULTY OF HEALTH AND APPLIED SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF MATHS & PHYSICS

## UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:

CERTIFICATE IN ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING

AMA1151 ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS 2

## END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

**SERIES:** APRIL / MAY 2016 SERIES

**TIME:** 2HRS

**DATE:** APRIL / MAY 2016

### Instructions to Candidates

You should have the following for this examination

-Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID Mathematical table, calculator, no mobile phone

This paper consists of **FIVE** questions. Attempt question ONE (Compulsory) and any other TWO questions.

**Do not write on the question paper.**

### QUESTION ONE

- a) Evaluate the following
- i)  $\operatorname{Cosec} 17.92^{\circ}$  (2Mks)
  - ii)  $\operatorname{Sec} 49^{\circ}$  (2mks)
  - iii)  $\operatorname{Cot} 83^{016}$  (2Mks)
- b) Express  $\frac{11x + 12}{(2x+3)(x+2)(x-3)}$  (6Mks)
- c) Prove the following identities
- i)  $1 + \tan^2 \theta = \sec^2 \theta$  (3Mks)
  - ii) In triangle PQR, QR = 3.5, RP = 4 and PQ = 5. Calculate the size of angle P and hence find the area of the triangle (5Mks)
- d) Express (4, -3) in polar coordinates (4Mks)
- e) Differentiate from first principles  $f(x) = x^2$  and find the value of the gradient of the curve at  $x=3$  (6Mks)

## QUESTION TWO

- a) Solve the triangle ABC, given  $\angle C = 67^\circ$   $a = 16.40\text{cm}$  and  $b = 11.80\text{cm}$  (8Mks)
- b) Draw up a table of values from which you plot a graph of  $y = \cos \theta$  and  $y = \sin \theta$  (4Mks)
- c) (i) Prove that 
$$\frac{\sin^3 \theta + \sin \theta \cos^2 \theta}{\cos \theta} = \tan \theta$$
 (4Mks)
- (ii) Solve for  $\theta$  the equation 
$$\sin^2 \theta - 1.707 \sin \theta \cos \theta + 0.707 \cos^2 \theta = 0$$
 Where  $0 < \theta < 360^\circ$  (4Mks)

## QUESTION THREE

- a) (i) Find the cube roots of 1 and show them on argand diagram (6Mks)
- b) (i) With aid of a diagram express  
(i)  $-5 + 4j$  in polar form (4mks)  
(ii)  $3 \angle 300^\circ$  in the form of  $a + jb$  (4Mks)
- c) (i) Simply  $\frac{4 - j5}{2 - j}$  (4mks)
- (ii) Determine  $(3 - j2)(3 + j2)$  (2Mks)

## QUESTIONS FOUR

- a) (i) Find from first principles  $f'(x)$  when  $f(x) = x$  (4mks)
- b) (i) Obtain the differential coefficient of  $3x^4 - 2x^3 + x^2 - x + 10 = 0$  (2Mks)
- (ii) Find the equations of the tangent and normal to the curve  $X^2 + y^2 - 3xy - 11 = 0$  at the point  $x = 1, y = 2$  (6Mks)
- c) Differentiate the following  
(i)  $X^3 \sin x$  (2Mks)
- (ii)  $\frac{4e^x}{\sin^x}$  (2Mks)
- (iii)  $\tan(4x + 1)$  (4Mks)

## QUESTION FIVE

- a) Express the following in partial fractions  
(i)  $\frac{1}{(x + 2)(x - 1)^2}$  (4Mks)
- (ii)  $\frac{3x + 1}{(x - 1)(x^2 + 1)}$  (6Mks)

b) (i) Find the greatest or least value of the function  $f(x) = x^2 + 4x + 3$  (4Mks)

(ii) 1000m of fencing is to be used to make a rectangular enclosure  
find the greatest possible area and the corresponding dimensions. (6Mks)

