

# **TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA**

FACULTY OF APPLIED & HEALTH SCIENCES

MATHEMATICS & PHYSICS DEPARTMENT

### **UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR:**

#### BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY IN APPLIED PHYSICS AND BACHELOR

OF TECHNOLOGY IN ENVIRONMENTAL PHYSICS & RENEWABLE

ENERGY

# APS 4306: SOLID STATE PHYSICS

## END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

## SERIES: MAY 2016

# TIME: 2 HOURS

#### DATE: MAY 2016

#### **Instructions to Candidates**

You should have the following for this examination *-Answer Booklet, examination pass and student ID* This paper consists of 4 questions.

Do not write on the question paper. Answer question ONE (compulsory) and any other two questions.

#### SECTION A (30MARKS)

#### QUESTION 1

(a) Explain the following terms:

(i)Basis

[2points]

(ii)A Wigner-Seitz cell

[3points]

(b) (i) How many lattice points are there per primitive cell? Explain your answer. [3points]

(ii) Explain how you would compute the Miller indices of a crystal plane. [3points]

[5points]

- (c) (i) Derive the Bragg law of diffraction.
- (ii) Using Fourier analysis and translational invariance of crystal show that,

n(r+T) = n(r), where  $T = u_1 a_1 + u_2 a_2 + u_3 a_3$ [4points]

(d) (i) Consider nearest neighbor planes, s and  $s \pm 1$ . The force on the s plane due to the two the two other planes is given by,

 $F_s = C(u_{s+1} - u_s) + C(u_{s-1} - u_s)$  where the letters have their usual meanings.

write down the equation of motion of an atom in the plane *s*, solve it and show that

the frequency of motion is given by 
$$\check{S}^2 = \frac{4C}{M} \sin^2 \frac{1}{2} Ka$$
 [7points]

(ii) Sketch the graph of the frequency versus the wave vector *K*. [3points] QUESTION 2 (20Points)

(a) Explain the following terms,

(i) Brillouin zone	[3Points]
(1) Brillouin zone	[3Points]

(ii) Structure factor and atomic form factor [3points]

(b) (i) Give the expression for the energy of a collection of oscillators of frequency [3points]

 $\check{S}_{K,p}$ 

(ii)Using the expression you gave in (i) above, determine the expression [4points] for the lattice heat capacity.

(c) Discuss the Debye model for density of states and show that in this model

the heat capacity is given by  $C_V = \frac{3V\hbar^2}{2f^2v^3k_BT^2}\int_0^{\check{S}_D} d\check{S} \frac{\check{S}^4e^{\hbar\check{S}/t}}{\left(e^{\hbar\check{S}/t}-1\right)^2}.$ 

Do not perform the integration. Just leave the expression in its integral form. [7Points]

#### **QUESTION 3**

(a) Explain what is meant by cohesive energy in crystal binding. [3Points]
(b) Discuss the Einstein model for the density of and determine the expression for heat capacity in this model. [7Points]

(c) The cohesive energy of an inert gas is given by

$$U_{total} = \frac{1}{2} N \left( 4 \mathsf{v} \right) \left[ \sum_{ij} \left( \frac{\dagger}{p_{ij} R} \right)^{12} - \sum_{ij} \left( \frac{\dagger}{p_{ij} R} \right)^{6} \right]$$

For  $R = R_{0}$  and  $\sum_{j} p_{ij}^{-12} = 12.131188$ ,  $\sum_{j} p_{ij}^{-6} = 14.45392$  compute the total

energy at  $R = R_0$ . The letters in all the expressions have their usual meanings. [10Points] QUESTION 4

(a) Write down the free-particle Schrodinger equation in three dimensions. [3points](b) Solve this problem and determine the energy of the orbital wave vector k. [4Points](c) From the solution above continue and determine expression for the Fermi energy and hence, density of states and heat capacity of an electron gas. [13Points]