



# THE MOMBASA POLYTECHNIC UNIVERSITY COLLEGE

# Faculty of Engineering and Technology

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING

## **DIPLOMA IN TECHNOLOGY**

**Electrical Power Engineering** 

# EEC 2205 MACHINES UTILIZATION I

SEMESTER EXAMINATION

**SERIES:** FEBRUARY 2011 SERIES

**TIME: 2 HOURS** 

#### **Instructions to Candidates:**

- 1. You are required to have the following for this examination;
  - Answer booklet
  - A non-programmable calculator
- 2. Answer Question **ONE** (**COMPULSORY**) and any other **TWO** Questions.

#### (COMPULSORY)

#### **Question ONE**

- a) i) Explain any THREE significance of back emf in d.c motors. (3 marks)
  - ii) A 440V shunt motor has an armature resistance of  $0.8\Omega$  and a field resistance of 200 $\Omega$ . Determine the back emf when the motor is giving an output of 7.46 kw at 85% efficiency. (4 marks)
  - iii) State any THREE applications of d.c. shunt motors. (3 marks)
- b) i) State any TWO application of the following single phase machine.
  - I) Hysteresis motors
  - II) Universal motor (4 marks)
  - ii) With the aid of a circuit diagram, explain the operation of a capacitor start capacitor run single phase induction motor. (6 marks)
- c) i) State any TWO types of rotors used in induction motor. (2 marks)
  - ii) A 3-phase induction motor is wound for a pole and is supplied from 50Hz system. Calculate:
    - I) The syndronous speed
    - II) The rotor speed when the slip is 4%
    - III) Rotor frequency when the rotor is at 600vpm. (3 marks)
  - iii) Using a well labelled diagram explain the autotransformer method of starting induction motors. (5 marks)

#### (ANSWER ANY OTHER TWO QUESTIONS)

#### **Question TWO**

- a) i) State any THREE tests carried in d.c. machines. (3 marks)
  - ii) Show that the armature torgue developed in a series d.c motor is given by:  $T_a \ \alpha \ T_a^2 \ \ (7 \ marks)$
- b) i) State any TWO applications of the following d.c. motor
  - I) Compound motors
  - II) Series Motors (4 marks)
  - ii) A 25kw 250v d.c. slunt generator has an armature field resistance of  $0.06\Omega$  and  $100\Omega$  respectively. Determine the total armature power developed when working as:
    - I) Generator delivering 25kw
    - II) Motor taking 25kw (6 marks)

#### **Question THREE**

- a) i) Define the term slip as used in induction. (2 marks)
  - ii) Give TWO significance of having skewed slots on squirrel-cage rotor. (2 marks)
  - iii) The input to a 3 phase 4-pole 50Hz induction motor is 150kw, stator losses are 5kw mechanical losses are 3kw and full load slip 0.05. Find
    - I) Frequency of the rotor emf at standstill
    - II) Frequency of the rotor emf at full load
    - III) Rotor copper loss
    - IV) Efficiency of the motor

(6 marks)

- b) A 415V three-phase 50Hz four pole star connected induction motor operates at 1425rev/min on full load. The rotor resistance and reactance per phase are  $0.4\Omega$  and  $4\Omega$  respectively and the effective rotor-stator terms ratio is 0.8:1. Calculate:
  - i) The full load torque
  - ii) The power output if the mechanical losses amount to 480W.
  - iii) The maximum torgue
  - iv) The speed at which maxim torque occurs
  - v) The torque at start.

(10marks)

## **Question FOUR**

- a) i) State any TWO types of repulsian-type single phase motors. (6 marks)
  - ii) With the aid of circuit diagrams differentiate between a resistor-start and an inductor-start single phase motors. (6 marks)
- b) i) With the aid of a well labelled diagram, explain the Hopkinson's test for d.c. motors. (4 marks)
  - ii) A 250V d.c. shunt machine has an armature resistance including inter-pole of 0.5 and shunt field resistance of  $125\Omega$  both values at working temperatures. When it is running light as a motor, the current taken from the supply is 5A. Calculate the efficiency of the machine.
    - I) When taking a current of 52A from the supply as a motor
    - II) When delivering a current of 35A as a generator. (8 marks)

## **Question FIVE**

- a) Draw a well labelled exact equivalent circuit diagram of a 3 phase induction motor.(2marks)
- b) For a 3-phase induction motor; show that the maximum torque is reached when  $S = \frac{R_2}{X_2} \tag{8 marks}$
- c) A 440V,  $3\phi$ ,50Hz 8 pole star connected induction motor has the following equivalent circuit parameters per phase.  $R_1 = R_2^1 = 0.1\Omega$ ,  $X_{1=X_2}^1 = 0.7\Omega$  Rm =  $100\Omega$  Xm =  $25\Omega$ . Calculate the rotor current referred to the stator current. The input power factor, the torque and the efficiency of the motor at 40% slip and the starting torque. (10marks)