



TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

# Faculty of Engineering & Technology

DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL & AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERING

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR DEGREE IN:**  
BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING  
(**BSME Y2 S1**)

EEE 2203: MATERIAL SCIENCE II

**END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION**  
**SERIES: AUGUST 2014**  
**TIME: 2 HOURS**

**Instructions to Candidates:**

You should have the following for this examination

- *Answer Booklet*

This paper consists of **FIVE** questions. Attempt any **THREE** questions

Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown

This paper consists of **TWO** printed pages

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**Question One**

- a) With the aid of diagrams, outline the major steps in the making of a printed circuit board (PCB). **(7 marks)**
- b) Explain the functions of the following:
- (i) Resist
  - (ii) Substrate
  - (iii) Aligner
  - (iv) Mask
  - (v) Energy **(7 marks)**
- c) Define lithography. Briefly explain how the process is conducted in a PCB making. **(6 marks)**
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## Question Two

- a) Explain Drudes model of metal conduction. (6 marks)
- b) A wire sample of annealed copper alloy of conductivity  $58.0 \times 10^6 \Omega^{-1}m^{-1}$  and 1.5mm in a diameter by 1.5m in length is placed in an electrical circuit. A voltage drop of 450mV is measured across the length of the wire it carries a 10A current. Calculate the conductivity of this alloy. (6 marks)
- c) (i) With the aid of a diagram show the variation in electrical resistivity with large composition.  
(ii) If the temperature coefficient of resistivity for copper allow at 20°C is  $0.00393^\circ C^{-1}$  and the resistivity at 20°C is  $23.4 \times 10^{-9} \Omega^{-1}m^{-1}$  determine resistivity at 100°C. (8 marks)

## Question Three

- a) For the following conductors, provide two material choices:  
(i) Contact metals  
(ii) Fuse metals  
(iii) Electrical resistance  
(iv) Non corroding contacts (4 marks)
- b) Distinguish the conduction among the following: (6 marks)  
(i) Electrolytes  
(ii) Semiconductors  
(iii) Metals (6 marks)
- c) Explain FOUR factors that affect conductivity in metals. (6 marks)
- d) With the aid of diagrams, explain superconductivity (4 marks)

## Question Four

- a) Using the concept of electronic bands, explain the difference in conduction in insulator semiconductor or conductors. (4 marks)
- b) A phosphorus doped (n-type) silicon, the Fermi level ( $E_F$ ) is shifted 0.1eV. What is the probability of an electron being thermally promoted the conduction band in silicon ( $E_g = 1.10eV$ ) at room temperature (25°C)? Take  $k = 86.2 \times 10^{-6} eV k^{-1}$  (6 marks)
- c) (i) Explain THREE ways with which the conduction of silicon can be improved.  
(ii) Provide FOUR examples of compound semi-conductor. (10 marks)

## Question Five

- a) Clearly distinguish the THREE types of magnetism. For each give an example. (9 marks)
- b) Explain “Antiferromagnetism” in materials. (2 marks)

c) State TWO uses of Hard Magnets

**(2 marks)**