



TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

**Faculty of Engineering &
Technology**

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS & PHYSICS

DIPLOMA IN NEUTICAL SCIENCE (DNSC 13M)

AMA 2113: MATHEMATICS

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SERIES: APRIL 2014

TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS

Instructions to Candidates:

You should have the following for this examination

- *Answer Booklet*

This paper consist of **FIVE** questions

Answer question **ONE (COMPULSORY)** and any other **TWO** questions
 Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown
 This paper consists of **THREE** printed pages
Question One (Compulsory)

$$\log_{10} 3 = 0.4771, \log_{10} 2 = 0.010$$

a) If _____, obtain the following without using tables:

$\log_{10} 60$

(i)

$\log_{10} 15$

(ii)

(8 marks)

b) Use logarithms table to evaluate:

$$\frac{2347 \times 0.4666}{\sqrt[3]{0.0924}}$$

(i)

(4 marks)

$$\frac{34.33}{\sqrt{5.25 \times 0.042}}$$

(ii)

(4 marks)

$$\frac{(0.0056)^{1/2}}{1.38 \times 27.42}$$

(iii)

(4 marks)

Question Two

a) Solve for θ such that $0 \leq \theta \leq 360^\circ$ and $2 \sin^2 \theta + \sin 2\theta - 1 = 0$ (5 marks)

b) For the following trigonometric graphs, state the wavelength, amplitude and phase angles:

i. $-2y = 3 \cos(x + 30^\circ)$

(3 marks)

ii. $y = -\sin(3x + 60^\circ)$

(3 marks)

iii. $y = 3 \cos(x + 40^\circ)$

(3 marks)

$$T = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

c) Determine the inverse T^{-1} of the Matrix _____ Hence find the coordinates of the point at which
 $x + 2y = 7$
 the two lines _____ and $x - y = 1$ intersect. (7 marks)

Question Three

- $y = 3\cos(2\theta + 30)^\circ$
- a) Draw the graph of $y = 3\cos(2\theta + 30)^\circ$ for the values of θ from 0° to 180° taking the interval of 30° . (5 marks)
- b) Use your graph to solve:
 $3\cos(2\theta + 30)^\circ = -1$
 (i)
 $\cos(2\theta + 30)^\circ = \frac{-2}{3}$
 (ii) (3 marks)
- c) State the phase angle and wavelength of $y = 3\cos(2\theta + 30)^\circ$ (2 marks)
- d) PQRS is a trapezium where PQ is parallel to SR PR and SR intersect at x so that SX = kSQ and Px = hPR where k and h are constants. Vectors $\vec{PQ} = 3\vec{q}$ and $\vec{PS} = s$ $\vec{SR} = \vec{q}$.
 (i) Show this information on a diagram
 (ii) Express vector \vec{SQ} in terms of \vec{s} and \vec{q}
 (iii) Express SX in terms of K, \vec{Q} and \vec{S}
 (iv) Express SX in terms of \vec{h} , \vec{Q} and \vec{S}
 (v) Obtain h and k
 (vi) In what ratio does X divide SQ? (10 marks)

Question Four

$$S = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad T = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- a) If S and T find:
 i. S^2 (2 marks)
 ii. $2ST$ (2 marks)
 iii. $S(S+T)$ (3 marks)

- b) (i) Construct a table of values for the function $y = x^2 - x - 6$ for $-2 \leq x \leq 3$ (3 marks)

- (ii) Draw the graph of the function $y = x^2 - x - 6$ for $-2 \leq x \leq 4$ (4 marks)

- (iii) By drawing a suitable line on the same grid, estimate the roots of the equation $x^2 - 2x - 2 = 0$ (3 marks)

- c) Solve for θ given that $\sin(\theta + 20^\circ) = (\cos 3\theta + 30^\circ)$ (3 marks)

Question Five

- a) Calculate the length of a tangent to a circle of radius 4cm from a point P, 7cm from the centre of the circle. **(3 marks)**
- b) (i) An arc of length 24cm subtends an angle of 60° at the center of a circle. Calculate the diameter of the circle. (Take $\pi = 3.142$) **(4 marks)**
- (ii) Given that a chord subtends 80° at the center of a circle radius 4.2cm. Calculate the length of the chord. **(4 marks)**
- c) Three trees A, B and C at Mt Kenya Forest are such that $AC = 10\text{km}$, $\angle BAC = 40^\circ$ and $\angle BCA = 30^\circ$, calculate:
(i) AB
(ii) BC **(9 marks)**