

# TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA Faculty of Applied & Health Sciences

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS & PHYSISCS

DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL LABORATORY SCIENCES (DMLS 14S) DIPLOMA IN COMMUNITY HEALTH MANAGEMENT (DCHM 14S)

AMA 2101: MATHS FOR SCIENCE

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION SERIES: APRIL 2015 TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS

Instructions to Candidates: You should have the following for this examination - Answer Booklet - Mathematical Table This paper consist of FIVE questions Answer question ONE (COMPULSORY) and any other TWO questions Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown This paper consists of **THREE** printed pages

# **Question One (Compulsory)**

- **a)** Define the following terms as used in Mathematics:
  - (i) An equation
  - (ii) Napierian logarithms

$$\log_a N = \frac{\log_a N}{\log_a b}$$

 $\log_{a} N = n \qquad \log_{a} N = m \qquad \log_{a} b$  **b)** Given that and Show that **c)** Differentiate the given equation below:  $\ln x$ 

$$y = \frac{\ln x}{e^{2x}}$$

- **d)** State whether or not the following set of equation can each be expressed as a product of linear factors:
  - $2x^{2}-9x+18=0$ (i)
    (1 mark)
    (2x^{2}+22x+28=0)
    (ii)
    (1 mark)
    (1

mark)  
$$x^2 - 4x - 21 = 0$$
  
(iv) (1 mark)

- e) Solve the following by completing the square (5 marks)
- **f)** Integrate the following equation below:

$$\int \left(\frac{3x^2}{x^3 - 4}\right) dx$$

(5 marks)

(3 marks)

(2 marks)

(2 marks)

(5 marks)

(4 marks)

 $\log_2 x + \log_3 x + \log_4 x = 7.079 \log_{10} x$ 

**g)** Show that the statement below holds:

$$ep^2 + \int p + g = 0$$

h) Transpose the equation below to make P the subject

## **Question Two**

**a)** Solve for the unknowns in the following set of equations below:

5(x+2y) - 4(3x+4z) - 2(x+3y-5z) = 162(3x - y) + 3(x - 2z) + 4(2x - 3y + z) = -164(y-2z) + 2(2x - 4y - 3) - 3(x + 4y - 2z) = -62

 $F = \sqrt[3]{a^6 b^3} \div \sqrt{\frac{1}{9} a^4 b^6} \times \left(4\sqrt{a^6 b^2}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ 

**b)** Simplify the equation below:

**c)** Solve for the unknown below:  $5.4^{x+3} \times 8.2^{2x-1} = 4.8^{3x}$ 

- **d)** Write down the gradient and the co-ordinates of the y-intercept of the following lines: -5x = -y + 4
  - (i) (2 mark) 6x = 2y + 3(ii) (2 marks)

#### **Question Three**

		3x = 1 - 2y
a)	Find the equation of a line perpendicular to another line whose equation is	and passes
	through point (-3, 1)	(4 marks)
b)	Derive the quadratic formula and hence solve for x in the equation below	(6 marks)

- c) The length of a cylindrical pipe is 2m. Its external radius is 2.1cm and the external radius is 1.4cm. Find the volume of the material that was used to make it. (4 marks)
  - $\int x^3 e^{2x} dx$
- **d)** Integrate the following:

x =

 $\frac{dy}{dx}$ 

## **Question Four**

a) Given that

(i)

 $dy^2/dx^2$ (ii) b) Determine the following anti-logarithms to the base stated: (i) Antilog 3.2684 (base 10)

 $2x^2 - 3x - 4 = 0$ 

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$$a(\cos\theta + \theta\sin), y = a(\sin\theta - \theta\cos\theta)$$
  
Find:

(3 marks)

(8 marks)

(5 marks)

(6 marks)

(6 mark)

(4 marks)

4.3157 (ii) Antilog (base 10) (iii) Antilog 2.8623 (base 10) 4.3157 (iv) Antilog (base 10)	(4 marks)			
c) Solve the following: $\frac{x+2}{2} - \frac{x+5}{3} = \frac{2x-5}{4} + \frac{x+3}{6}$	(3 marks)			
d) Solve the pair of equation below using substitution 2y = 14 - 5x 3x - 24 = 4y	(3 marks)			
Question Five				
y = uv $\frac{dy}{dx} = U \frac{dv}{dx} + V \frac{vdu}{dx}$	(f. marka)			
<b>a)</b> Given that , where u and v are functions of x. Show that	(6 marks)			

dy	_		
dx	ζ.	$y = x^4 \cos x$	
And hence find	of the equation below if		(2 marks)

- b) A frustum is cut from a cone of height 35cm. The radii of the circular sections are 7cm and 14cm respectively. Find the volume of the frustum (5 marks)
- c) Find the x and y intercepts of the line with equation y 6 = 5x(4 marks)
- d) State any THREE areas in life where mathematics can be applied (3 marks)