

# Faculty of Applied & Health Sciences

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS & PHYSISCS

**UPGRADING MATHEMATICS** 

**AMA 1002: GEOMETRY** 

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION SERIES: DECEMEBER 2014 TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS

# **Instructions to Candidates:**

You should have the following for this examination

Answer Booklet

This paper consist of **FIVE** questions

Answer question **ONE** (**COMPULSORY**) and any other **TWO** questions

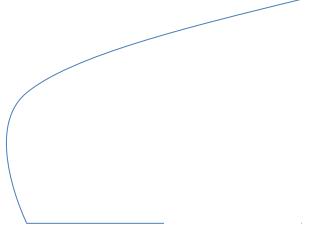
Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown This paper consists of **FOUR** printed pages

# **Question One (Compulsory)**

- **a)** With the aid of sketches, explain the following angles:
  - (i) Complementary angles
  - (ii) Reflex angles
  - (iii) Supplementary marks)

(3

**b)** The figure below shows a circle ABCDE. The line FEG is a tangent to the circle at a point E. Line DE is parallel to CG, <DEC = 28° and <AGE = 32°



Calculate <AEG and <ABC

(4 marks)

- c) (i) Calculate the height of a tree if a person is 1.84m tall, and is standing 16m away from the foot of the tree, if the angle of elevation from his eye is 20°
   (3 marks)
  - (ii) Calculate all the angles in a triangle whose lengths are  $5.5 \, \mathrm{cm}$ ,  $4.2 \, \mathrm{cm}$  and  $3.8 \, \mathrm{cm}$ .

(4 marks)

**d)** A pyramid frustum has a square top and bottom with lengths of 6cm and 10cm respectively. The slant height of the frustum is open on both ends. Calculate its surface area. **(6 marks)** 

$$u = hi + 3i - j + 4k + 1k$$
,  $v = 5i - j + 6k$ 

e) (I) If u = v and values of h and l.

where h and k are constant. Calculate the (3 marks)

- (II) Fatuma walks on a bearing of 120° from 5km then on a bearing of 200° for 7km. Calculate:
  - (i) How far she is from the starting point
  - (ii) The bearing of the stating position form her final position

(5 marks)

$$x_1(2x-50)^{\circ}(x+40)^{\circ},2x,(2x-10)$$

**f)** A pentagon has the following interior angles x.

. Calculate the value of (2 marks)

**Question Two** 

**a)** For the following trigonometric equations, state the wavelength amplitude and phase angle:

$$y = -\sin(3x + 60^{\circ})$$

(i)

(2 marks)

$$y = \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}x + 10^{\circ}\right)$$

(ii)

(2 marks)

$$y = 3\cos(x + 40^{\circ})$$
(iii)

(2 marks)

$$\theta \qquad 0 \le \theta \le 360^{\circ} \qquad 2\sin^2\theta + \sin 2\theta - 1 = 0$$

**b)** Solve for such that

(5 marks)

c) A stool is made by shaping a slump into a conical frustum of vertical height 60cm. If the top radius is  $\pi = 3.142$ 

12cm and the bottom one is 24cm, calculate the surface area of the stool, take

(9 marks)

# **Question Three**

- a) Construct ABC in which AB = 4.5cm, BC = 6.5cm and AC = 7.5cm. Construct an escribed circle opposite to <BAC. Measure the radius of the circle. (7 marks)
- b) Two town N and M are such that M (20°N, 30°E) and N(20°N, 120°E) take the earth's radius to be  $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$

6370km and

- (i) Calculate in kilometers the shortest distance between M and N along the same latitude
- (ii) If the time at N is 0935h what is it at M?

(6 marks)

c) In the figure below, PQ = q and PR = r QM: MR 1:2 or M divides QR in the ratio 1:2. The point S is the midpoint of PQ. X is the intersection of PM and SR SX = hSR. PX = kPM where h and k are constant.

r

Find:

- (i) QR in terms of q and r
- (ii) PM in terms of q and r
- (iii) SR in terms of q and r

(7 marks)

# **Question Four**

a) Let A(2,8) B(3,5) C(1,3) D(0,6) be coordinates of the quadrateral ABCD. Suppose that T is the

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

translation with vector  $\dot{}$ ,  $\dot{}$ ,  $\dot{}$  is the rotation centre (0, 0), 90° anticlockwise and  $\dot{}$  is the reflection on the line  $\dot{}$  y = x. What is the image of ABCD after translation  $\dot{}$  followed by rotation  $\dot{}$  R and the reflection  $\dot{}$  L?

b) In the figure below, K, L, M and N are points on the circumference of a circle with centre O. The points K, O, M and P are on a straight line, PN is a tangent to the circle at N, <KOL = 130° and <MKN = 40°.

P

Find the values of the following angles, stating the reasons in each case:

- (i) <MLN
- (ii) <MNP
- (iii) <OLN
- (iv) <MPN (8 marks)

$$AB = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

- c) Given that vectors
  - (i) AB + BC
  - (ii) ½ BC
  - (iii) AB 2BC (3 marks)

# **Question Five**

- **a)** Convert the following angles into radians:
  - (i)  $10^{\circ}$
  - (ii) 180°
  - (iii) 270° (3 marks)
- **b)** Derive the following identities:

$$\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1$$

(i) (3 marks)

 $\cot^2\theta - 1 = \cos ec^2\theta$ 

(ii) (3 marks)

c)	Calculate the values of x and y in the figure below given QK is parallel to ST.	(4 marks)
	X	
d)	Find the number of sides of:	
	(i) A polygon having sum of inferior angles 1080°	(E mayles)
	(ii) A regular polygon if each exterior angle is 24°	(5 marks)