

TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA

Faculty of Engineering & Technology

DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING & CIVIL ENGINEERING

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN CIVIL ENGINEERING (BSCE)

ECE 2306: ENGINEERING SURVEYING III

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION SERIES: AUGUST 2013 TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS

Instructions to Candidates:

You should have the following for this examination - Answer Booklet This paper consists of **FIVE** questions. Answer question **ONE** (**COMPULSORY**) in section **A** and any other **TWO** questions from section **B** Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown This paper consists of **THREE** printed pages

SECTION A

Question One (Compulsory)

a) Determine the area in hectares enclosed by the line of a closed traverse survey from the following data:

Station	E(m)	N(m)		
А	200.00	300.00		
В	306.98	385.65		
С	368.55	282.02		
D	395.93	278.80		
Е	200.74	185.70		
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If the chain used, nominally 20m long, used on the survey was later found to be 0.2m too long, what will be the corrected value for the area? (10 marks)

b) A cutting is to be made in the ground which has a traverse slope of 1:5. The width of formation is 10.00m and the side slopes are 1 vertical to 2 horizontal. If the depths at the centre lines of the three

sections 30m apart are 3.50m, 4.10m and 5.30m respectively, determine the volume of the earth involved in this length of cutting. **(10 marks)**

c) Tabulate the data required to set out by a chain and a tape a circular curve of radius 800m to connect two straights having a deflecting angle of 20° 24' 00". The chainage at the intersection of the tangent is given as 2240m and the interval of pegs is given as 20m apart. (10 marks)

SECTION B (Attempt any TWO questions)

Question Two

- **a)** With an aid of a sketch, derive the elements of a simple curve.
- **b)** In order to find the excavation required for a railway cutting, cross-sections were taken at every 40m. As the ground surface was irregular, the cross-sections were plotted and their areas obtained by using a planimeter. The results were as follows:

Chainage of section (m)	:	1840	1880	1920	1960
Area in m ²		34	296	348	201
Chainage of section (m)	:	2000	2040	2080	2120
Chainage of section (m)	:	2160	2200	2240	411
Area in m ²	:	189	243	149	

(i) Compute the volume of extraction in m³ using both the end areas formula and prismoidal formula.

(10 marks) (ii) State which of the above answers you consider to be more accurate, give reasons. (2 marks)

Question Three

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a) To calculate the side widths and cross-sectional area of an embankment to a road with a formation width of 13.50m, and side slopes 1 vertical to 2 horizontal, when the centre height is 4.10m and the existing ground has a cross-fall of 1 in 12 at right angles to the centre line of the embankment.

(3 marks)

(8 marks)

- b) Discuss any FOUR methods used in determining areas of irregular figures citing their relevant formulas. (10 marks)
- c) Calculate the area of a plot that has been scaled off from a plan at intervals of 20m given the following data:

Offset	O_1	O_2	O_3	O_4	O_5
Length (m)	16.76	19.81	20.42	18.59	16.76
Offset	O_6	O ₇	O_8	O ₉	O ₁₀
Length (m)	17.68	17.68	17.37	16.76	17.68

(3 marks)

d) The area within the underwater contours are as follows:

Contour:	460	465	470	475	480	485	490
Area (m ²)	3000	8800	10500	20000	24500	15000	6000

Using both End Area and Prismoidal methods, calculate the volume of water in the lake between contours 460 and 490 (4 marks)

Question Four

- a) Tabulate data needed to set out by theodolite and a chain a circular curve of radius 600m to connect two straights having a deflection angle at 18°24', the chainage of the intersection point being 2140.00m
 (12 marks)
- **b)** Define the following terms as used in Mass Haul diagrams:
 - (i) Free haul distance
 - (ii) Average haul distance
 - (iii) Borrow
 - (iv) Waist

Question Five

- a) The figure shown below is of a rectangular plot is to be excavated to a given depth. Assuming the sides to be vertical, calculate the volume of the earth to be excavated if:
 - (i) The area is subdivided in to four rectangles
 - (ii) If the area is divided into triangles

15.0

(8 marks)

(10 marks)

b) Discuss various parts of a planimeter. What is the area of a piece of land which has a plan area of 1613m³m² as measured by a fixed-arm planimeter if the scale of the plan is 1/2500 (10 marks)