# TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA <br> Faculty of Engineering \& <br> Technology 

DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING \& CIVIL ENGINEERING

## UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN CIVIL ENGINEERING (BSCE)

## ECE 2306: ENGINEERING SURVEYING III

## END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION

SERIES: AUGUST 2013
TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS

## Instructions to Candidates:

You should have the following for this examination

- Answer Booklet

This paper consists of FIVE questions.
Answer question ONE (COMPULSORY) in section A and any other TWO questions from section B
Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown
This paper consists of THREE printed pages

## SECTION A

## Question One (Compulsory)

a) Determine the area in hectares enclosed by the line of a closed traverse survey from the following data:

| Station | $E(m)$ | $N(m)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 200.00 | 300.00 |
| B | 306.98 | 385.65 |
| C | 368.55 | 282.02 |
| D | 395.93 | 278.80 |
| E | 200.74 | 185.70 |

If the chain used, nominally 20 m long, used on the survey was later found to be 0.2 m too long, what will be the corrected value for the area?
(10 marks)
b) A cutting is to be made in the ground which has a traverse slope of 1:5. The width of formation is 10.00 m and the side slopes are 1 vertical to 2 horizontal. If the depths at the centre lines of the three
sections 30 m apart are $3.50 \mathrm{~m}, 4.10 \mathrm{~m}$ and 5.30 m respectively, determine the volume of the earth involved in this length of cutting.
(10 marks)
c) Tabulate the data required to set out by a chain and a tape a circular curve of radius 800 m to connect two straights having a deflecting angle of $20^{\circ} 24^{\prime} 00^{\prime \prime}$. The chainage at the intersection of the tangent is given as 2240 m and the interval of pegs is given as 20 m apart.
(10 marks)

## SECTION B (Attempt any TWO questions)

## Question Two

a) With an aid of a sketch, derive the elements of a simple curve.
b) In order to find the excavation required for a railway cutting, cross-sections were taken at every 40 m . As the ground surface was irregular, the cross-sections were plotted and their areas obtained by using a planimeter. The results were as follows:

| Chainage of section (m) | $:$ | 1840 | 1880 | 1920 | 1960 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Area in $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ |  | 34 | 296 | 348 | 201 |
| Chainage of section (m) | $:$ | 2000 | 2040 | 2080 | 2120 |
| Chainage of section (m) | $:$ | 2160 | 2200 | 2240 | 411 |
| Area in $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ | $:$ | 189 | 243 | 149 |  |

(i) Compute the volume of extraction in $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ using both the end areas formula and prismoidal formula.
(10 marks)
(ii) State which of the above answers you consider to be more accurate, give reasons. (2 marks)

## Question Three

a) To calculate the side widths and cross-sectional area of an embankment to a road with a formation width of 13.50 m , and side slopes 1 vertical to 2 horizontal, when the centre height is 4.10 m and the existing ground has a cross-fall of 1 in 12 at right angles to the centre line of the embankment.
(3 marks)
b) Discuss any FOUR methods used in determining areas of irregular figures citing their relevant formulas.
(10 marks)
c) Calculate the area of a plot that has been scaled off from a plan at intervals of 20 m given the following data:
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Offset } & \mathrm{O}_{1} & \mathrm{O}_{2} & \mathrm{O}_{3} & \mathrm{O}_{4} & \mathrm{O}_{5}\end{array}$
Length (m) $\quad 16.76 \quad 19.81 \quad 20.42 \quad 18.59 \quad 16.76$
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Offset } & \mathrm{O}_{6} & \mathrm{O}_{7} & \mathrm{O}_{8} & \mathrm{O}_{9} & \mathrm{O}_{10}\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Length (m) } & & 17.68 & 17.68 & 17.37 & 16.76\end{array} 17.68$
(3 marks)
d) The area within the underwater contours are as follows:
Contour: $460 \quad 465 \quad 470 \quad 475 \quad 480 \quad 485 \quad 490$

Area (m²) $3000 \quad 8800 \quad 10500 \quad 2000024500150006000$

Using both End Area and Prismoidal methods, calculate the volume of water in the lake between contours 460 and 490
(4 marks)

## Question Four

a) Tabulate data needed to set out by theodolite and a chain a circular curve of radius 600 m to connect two straights having a deflection angle at $18^{\circ} 24^{\prime}$, the chainage of the intersection point being 2140.00m
(12 marks)
b) Define the following terms as used in Mass Haul diagrams:
(i) Free haul distance
(ii) Average haul distance
(iii) Borrow
(iv) Waist
(8 marks)

## Question Five

a) The figure shown below is of a rectangular plot is to be excavated to a given depth. Assuming the sides to be vertical, calculate the volume of the earth to be excavated if:
(i) The area is subdivided in to four rectangles
(ii) If the area is divided into triangles
(10 marks)
15.0
b) Discuss various parts of a planimeter. What is the area of a piece of land which has a plan area of $1613 \mathrm{~m}^{3} \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ as measured by a fixed-arm planimeter if the scale of the plan is $1 / 2500$
(10 marks)

