

TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA Faculty of Engineering & Technology

DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING & CIVIL ENGINEERING

DIPLOMA IN BUILDING & CIVIL ENGINEERING (DBCE 13M)

EBC 2203: ENGINEERING SURVEYING II

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION SERIES: DECEMBER 2013 TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS

<u>Instructions to Candidates:</u> You should have the following for this examination - Answer Booklet This paper consists of **FIVE** questions. Answer any **THREE** questions Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown

Question One

- a) Define the following terms as used in a coordinate system:
 - (i) True meridian
 - (ii) Magnetic meridian
 - (iii) Whole circle bearing
 - (iv) Partial coordinates
- b) Given the coordinates of point T and R as T: 205.15mE, 705.22mN R: 700.00mE,100.00mN

Calculate the length and the bearing of line RT. Use a join computation table. (7 marks)

- c) Figure 1 shows the lengths and the un-corrected internal angles of a closed polygonal traverse ABCDA. Given the whole circle bearing of line AB as 8° 4' 09" calculate:
 - (i) The corrected angles
 - (ii) The whole circles bearing of lines

BC, CD and DA 388.38m

(9 marks)

(4 marks)

Question Two

a) State the aim and necessity of the following permanent adjustments of a theodolite:

- (i) Collimation error(ii) Diaphragm error adjustments(4 marks)
- b) Describe the bubble error adjustments of a theodolite. (8 marks)
- c) The readings shown in table 1 were recorded in the measurement of several angles about a point. Reduce the angles and illustrate the configuration of the angles in a sketch. (8 marks)

Instrumen	То	Face left	Face right	
t	Statio			
Station	n			
		0 • ••	0 " "	
А	В	5 00 15	185 00 16	
	С	36 40 25	216 41 00	
	D	75 26 20	255 30 25	
	E	181 46 22	01 46 27	
	F	256 57 03	76 51 01	
	A	365 00 01	185 00 02	

Question Three

- **a)** Differentiate between:
 - (i) Isogonals and Agonic line
 - (ii) Magnetic declination and magnetic north
 - (iii) Local attraction and Diurnal variation

(6 marks)

b) Table 2 shows the observed bearings of a campass traverse ABCDA. Adjust the bearings for local attraction. (14 marks)

Table 2

Line	Forward		Back		
	Bearing		Bearing		
	0	6	0	"	
AB	44	40	255	20	
BC	96	20	274	18	
CD	30	45	212	25	
DA	320	25	140	25	

Question Four

a) State ONE merit and TWO demerits of the tangential systems of tacheometry over the stadia system.

(4 ½ marks)

- b) The data of a tangential tacheometric exercise is as shown in table 3. Given the reduced level of point P as 715.271m, calculate
 - (i) Distances PQ, PR and QR
 - (ii) The difference in height PQ
 - (iii) The reduced levels of point P and Q
 - (iv) Area PQR in hectares.

(15 ½ marks)

Inst	То	Staff Readings	Vertical Angles	Height of Inst	Whole	Circle
	·	·			-	

Stn	Stn				Bearing
			0 '		0 '
Р	Q	1.850	3 45	1.46	25 00
		0.420	1 50		
	R	2.010	2 30	1.46	140 00
		0.675	1 10		

Question Five

- **a)** Derive the basic stadia formula
- **b)** Table 4 shows the whole circle bearings of a line traverse ABCDF calculate the clockwise angles at B, C and D and illustrate configuration of the traverse in a sketch.

Line	Whole Circle Bearing			
AB	224°	30'	40"	
BC	55°	20'	10"	
CD	170°	40'	40"	
DE	35°	10'	25"	

c) Derive an equation for horizontal distance in tangential tacheometry

(5 marks)

(6 marks)