

# TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF MOMBASA Faculty of Engineering \& Technology 

DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING \& CIVIL ENGINEERING

DIPLOMA IN BUILDING \& CIVIL ENGINEERING (DBCE 13M)
EBC 2203: ENGINEERING SURVEYING II
END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION
SERIES: DECEMBER 2013
TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS

## Instructions to Candidates:

You should have the following for this examination

- Answer Booklet

This paper consists of FIVE questions. Answer any THREE questions
Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown

This paper consists of FOUR printed pages

## Question One

a) Define the following terms as used in a coordinate system:
(i) True meridian
(ii) Magnetic meridian
(iii) Whole circle bearing
(iv) Partial coordinates
b) Given the coordinates of point T and R as

$$
\mathrm{T}: 205.15 \mathrm{mE}, 705.22 \mathrm{mN}
$$

R: $700.00 \mathrm{mE}, 100.00 \mathrm{mN}$
Calculate the length and the bearing of line RT. Use a join computation table.
(7 marks)
c) Figure 1 shows the lengths and the un-corrected internal angles of a closed polygonal traverse ABCDA. Given the whole circle bearing of line AB as $8^{\circ} 4^{\prime} 09^{\prime \prime}$ calculate:
(i) The corrected angles
(ii) The whole circles bearing of lines

BC, CD and DA
(9 marks) 388.38m

## Question Two

a) State the aim and necessity of the following permanent adjustments of a theodolite:
(i) Collimation error
(ii) Diaphragm error adjustments
b) Describe the bubble error adjustments of a theodolite.
c) The readings shown in table 1 were recorded in the measurement of several angles about a point. Reduce the angles and illustrate the configuration of the angles in a sketch.
(8 marks)

| Instrumen <br> t <br> Station | To Statio n | Face left | Face right |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | - ، " | 0 ، " |
| A | B | $\begin{array}{llll}5 & 00 & 15\end{array}$ | 1850016 |
|  | C | $\begin{array}{llll}36 & 40 & 25\end{array}$ | 2164100 |
|  | D | $\begin{array}{llll}75 & 26 & 20\end{array}$ | $25530 \quad 25$ |
|  | E | 1814622 | $\begin{array}{llll}01 & 46 & 27\end{array}$ |
|  | F | 2565703 | $76 \quad 5101$ |
|  | A | $36500 \quad 01$ | 1850002 |

## Question Three

a) Differentiate between:
(i) Isogonals and Agonic line
(ii) Magnetic declination and magnetic north
(iii) Local attraction and Diurnal variation
(6 marks)
b) Table 2 shows the observed bearings of a campass traverse ABCDA. Adjust the bearings for local attraction.

Table 2

| Line | Forward <br> Bearing |  | Back <br> Bearing |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | o |  | o |  |
| AB | 44 | 40 | 255 | 20 |
| BC | 96 | 20 | 274 | 18 |
| CD | 30 | 45 | 212 | 25 |
| DA | 320 | 25 | 140 | 25 |

## Question Four

a) State ONE merit and TWO demerits of the tangential systems of tacheometry over the stadia system.
( $4^{1 / 2}$ marks)
b) The data of a tangential tacheometric exercise is as shown in table 3 . Given the reduced level of point P as 715.271 m , calculate
(i) Distances PQ, PR and QR
(ii) The difference in height PQ
(iii) The reduced levels of point P and Q
(iv) Area PQR in hectares.
(15 $1 / 2$ marks)

| Inst | To | Staff Readings | Vertical Angles | Height of Inst | Whole Circle |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Stn | Stn |  |  |  | Bearing |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | o ‘ |  | o |
| P | Q | 1.850 | 3 | 45 | 1.46 |
| $25 \quad 00$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 0.420 | 1 | 50 |  |
|  | R | 2.010 | 2 | 30 | 1.46 |
| 1 | 10 |  | $140 \quad 00$ |  |  |

## Question Five

a) Derive the basic stadia formula
b) Table 4 shows the whole circle bearings of a line traverse ABCDF calculate the clockwise angles at B , C and D and illustrate configuration of the traverse in a sketch.

| Line | Whole Circle Bearing |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AB | $224^{\circ}$ | $30^{\prime}$ | $40^{\prime \prime}$ |
| BC | $55^{\circ}$ | $20^{\prime}$ | $10^{\prime \prime}$ |
| CD | $170^{\circ}$ | $40^{\prime}$ | $40^{\prime \prime}$ |
| DE | $35^{\circ}$ | $10^{\prime}$ | $25^{\prime \prime}$ |

c) Derive an equation for horizontal distance in tangential tacheometry

